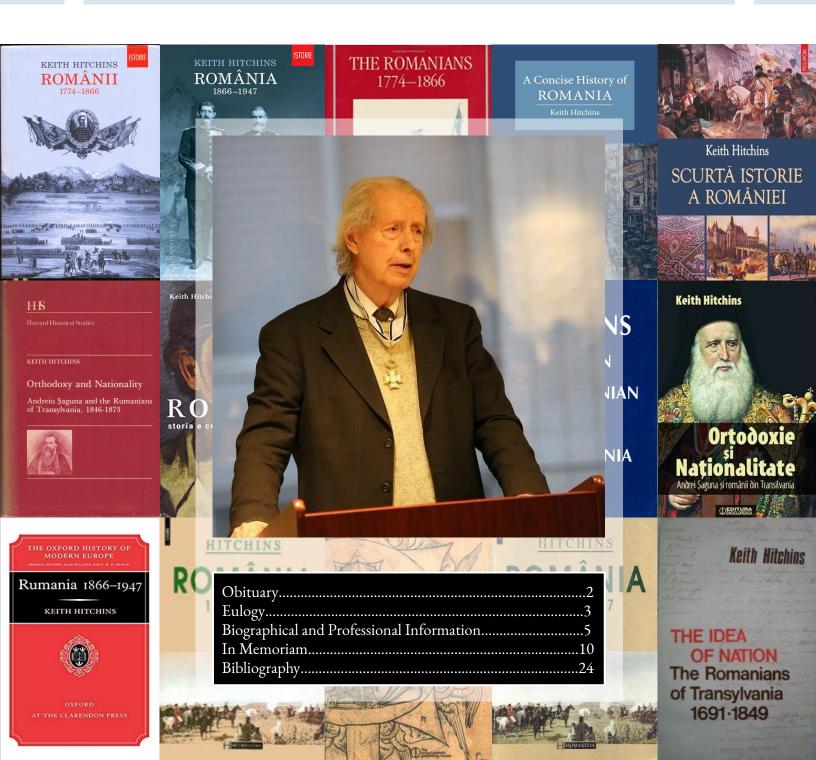
SOCIETY FOR ROMANIAN STUDIES NEWSLETTER



www.society4romanianstudies.org Vol 42 Fall 2020 No. 3 (Special Edition)

Special Edition: Remembering Keith Hitchins

coedited by Leah Valtin-Erwin and Maria Bucur



Obituary

Keith Hitchins (Thursday, April 2nd, 1931 - Sunday, November 1st, 2020) passed away, aged 89, at the Carle Foundation Hospital on November 1, 2020 from natural causes. He was an historian, stamp and coin aficionado, treasurer of archives, specialized book collector, avid correspondent, and a language passionate whose work drew on an encyclopedic knowledge of the Eastern world, from Central and Eastern Europe to Central Asia and Southeast Asia, but who remained at heart a Romanian historian. He was a professor of Eastern European History at University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign from 1967 until 2019 when he retired.

Hitchins was born in Schenectady, NY to Henry, a business ads writer, and Lillian Turrian, a homemaker related to the Vanderbilt family. His maternal great-parents descended from German- and French- speaking areas in Switzerland, while his father was of English ancestry. Living at the peak of a great passion for politics among the Americans, Keith grew up in a union family, recollecting gatherings on holidays when he was mindful not to offend the sensibilities of his grandmother, a Republican state committeewoman, and those of his grandfather, an organizer of a steel union.

He was sent to a grade school that taught kindergarten to twelfth grade in a building with only two rooms in rural New York, at a time when the centralization of schools was underway, and parents didn't value education. A graduate of the Union College and Harvard University, he earned his PhD in 1964 under the guidance of his advisor Robert Wolff, being told over the phone that it was not necessary to have a defense due to the very high quality of his dissertation on the national movement in Transylvania.

His acquaintance with Romanian culture and language began in Paris in 1957, taking the courses of Emil Turdeanu and Jean Boutière. The first Fulbright student selected to go to studies beyond the Iron Curtain in a communist country and the first exchange student from the United States, Keith Hitchins began his training under the guidance of historian Andrei Otetea, and soon met other giants of Romanian historiography: Emil Prodan, Constantin Daicoviciu, and Virgil Candea.

In the more than twenty books and hundreds of articles that he wrote and edited about Transylvania and Romania, his scholarly inquiry focused on the prominent role played by intellectuals in the formation of Romanian nation, its affirmation, and its long lasting consolidation as a modern nation state. He argued persuasively for the Romanians' embrace of Europeanization while remaining faithful to their Orthodox and Greek-Catholic heritage. To show their gratitude for his lifetime scholarship, the Romanian government, successive Romanian presidents, the Romanian Royal House, the Romanian Academy, numerous Romanian history institutes, and the nation's top universities offered their highest distinctions to praise his scholarly achievements and his contributions to the international image of Romania as a cultural and historical civilization.

He could recount harrowing stories when pursued by the Securitate forces in Communist Romania, but moments of hospitality as well generously provided by communist officials like Mihai Beniuc, Miron Constantinescu, Patriarch Teoctist, Stefan Pascu, and Gh. Maurer. He was so highly esteemed that the regime invited him to write a biography of the dictator Nicolae Ceauşescu, a proposition he left unanswered.

At Illinois, his teaching covered mainly Europe and Asia, with courses on the Habsburg, Mughal, and Mongol Empires, Southeastern Europe, World War II, and the Balkans. As a frequent contributor to Encyclopedia Iranica with articles on Georgian, Tadjik, Azerbaijani, and Kurdish history and to the Encyclopedia of Empire, he mainly focused on poets, intellectuals, and writers. In classroom, he did not speak from notes, but delivered his lectures through story-telling, using a warm voice and a humble and cautious approach. He enthusiastically shared his Second World War scrapbooks with newspaper clippings, which he collected as a boy, in honor of his well-accomplished cousin who fought in Europe, leaving students at Illinois so fascinated that they would invite their grandparents on campus to meet Professor Hitchins.

He didn't seed his acolytes in history departments across the nation, as he believed that one has to work extremely hard on one's own to succeed. He believed in complete loyalty and never broke a single friendship in his life, his oldest reaching 62 years with dearest friend, Thomas Mullen. Nor did he entice his students to adopt his precise, concise, superb writing style, or to embrace his intellectual vision. Like a veritable historian, he felt the burden of the past in everything he did, in all that he breathed in. The past lived in him, as he found the presentism in the works of those historians who felt unburdened by the past, to be simply wrong for removing past generations from their own times.

He is remembered by colleagues, friends, and students at Illinois and across the United States as erudite, dependable, and always impeccably dressed with a white shirt, dress pants, his Humphrey Bogart trench coat, and his famous green hat. He will be deeply missed by his dearest friends all over Transylvania, Moldova, Banat, and Bucharest. His extremely modest way of living contrasted with his quiet and ample generosity. He had all the illuminations of wisdom and none of its pedantry.

Rest in peace, Professor Hitchins! You will always live in my heart and soul!

Source: https://www.bondfuneralhome.com/memorials/keith-hitchins/4412904/

Eulogy in loving memory of KEITH HITCHINS

To the residents of the town of Schenectady, to Keith's beloved graduate and postdoctoral students, to Keith's esteemed colleagues.

We come to celebrate a professor who changed all around him for the better: a historian, a patriot, a great teacher, and a pioneering scholar. He embodied so much of what is best in America: the values of a small town, the objective morality of his forbearers, a supreme intellect trained in the best of schools, a rise to prominence from humble beginnings, philanthropy, and the ambition to build a magnificent private library.

I was among the fortunate few who enjoyed Professor Hitchins' company daily as his student, and, upon graduation, as a very close friend and partner in research, writing, and reading. I sensed early on, ever since I met him, that his modesty and low-key presence were hiding something precious that was worth recording every step of the way, every word that he uttered, every story that he shared. Twenty years later, the notes I took back then prove to be a great source of learning.

He used to ask: "Pompilia, What are you aiming to prove?" This question captured some of Professor Hitchins' remarkable qualities: to start with, he liked to put thoughts in order by dealing with questions, simple questions such as 'what' and 'why,' which he found the most difficult to answer.

He used to say to students: "This is our last meeting. I learned much from you. You think it's one-way street, but it isn't. Everybody comes at issues from different perspectives, depending on each of you and your intellectual baggage." He was curious whether it was possible for people coming from different cultures to understand one another. The problem, he thought, was not coming from differences in language or superficial cultural affinities, but something deeper, more native, fundamental, psychological that can't be reached. If each side interprets the event in utterly different ways, that leads to estrangement and hostility, even deeper than misunderstanding. He hoped that two people witnessing an event could still be sympathetic to one another.

Over his five-decade career, one thing he noticed that had changed was the intellectual climate. But instead of being critical, he explained wisely that, at some point, a new generation comes to the top and sees no reason to continue doing what their predecessors did. So, they keep bringing forward all sorts of arguments because to them it made no sense anymore. With each change in intellectual climate, we see the same kind of doubts, a lack of purpose, and a lost sense of mission. He was a refined intellectual, but he rejected intellectualism. Intellectualism, he used to say, was devoid of life and values. He fully embraced Lucian Blaga's summons to create and to surpass oneself.

His energy, his optimism, and his zest for life were always on display, beginning in the early hours of the morning. He could be often found cheering up the staff at the coffeehouse, which he frequented every single day of the week. Then, he cheered up the history department secretaries while having his second coffee for the day. Two cancers did not keep him from showing up to work each day of the week, nor did his heart problems.

He was never opinionated, yet his views emerge clearly and in consistent fashion in his writings as a whole. He never spoke of virtues but embodied them. He didn't gloss over mistakes and sins, but pointed to them in the kindest possible way. Go over his book reviews, and articles, and books, and his suggestions are right there on the page, shrouded in kindness and understanding. For that reason alone, he was a brilliant writer.

He was fiercely devoted to his graduate students from his very first to his very last, loyal to his friends, and extremely fond of his parents, whom he cherished deeply, especially his father. His work and his being are the culmination of the upbringing that he received from his two Hitchins forefathers, his father and grandfather.

His sense of humor was one of my favorite things about him. What better way to make the stress of graduate school vanish for a minute than inviting me to have a coffee "să discutăm, să conspirăm."

I think it was no secret the longstanding admiration that I had for him. My friends who ran into me in parks and stores preferred to avoid because I talked too much and too highly of Professor Hitchins. It's a habit that continues to this day and I don't see it coming to an end soon. Yet, no one was more special than the other in Professor Hitchins' eyes, because we all felt that he loved us all, each of us had a special place in his heart. Each of us felt that he was in our corner, no matter what. Through his passing, we all lost our best friend. In each email we received from him, he gave us new powers to confront life with all its difficulties.

He was the first to tell us that he was not perfect. Rather than lose his temper, he would say "I'm not going to think about that!!" To disagree with me, he liked to pretend he didn't hear what I said or pretend to be confused about things I just told him. Then he would make me repeat what bothered me until I gave up in exhaustion. Just like the inscription in Frank Lloyd Wright's home, which Professor Hitchins and I used to stop to admire in Chicago on our way to the airport: "Good friend, around these hearth-stones speak no evil word of any creature."

He was just as quick to forgive, never asked for forgiveness, but would say: "I heard you!" He knew how to laugh at himself, be jolly when drinking wine with friends, and showed a self-awareness that was striking. He never doubted another's sincerity and was always willing to learn from others, even to the point of repeating the same questions over and over. I always wondered why. In the same way "That which has been is what will be. That which is done is what will be done. And there is nothing new under the sun. The eye is not satisfied with the seeing, nor the ear filled with hearing."" (Ecclesiastes, 1:5-11).

Conversations with him were always a privilege, He strove to do great things every day without relishing fights and disagreements, which he found small, petty, unworthy, He preferred sharing ideas in elegant discussion. To him, there was no victory or defeat, but only hard work and surpassing himself every day.

What better way to honor Professor Hitchins' scholarship and nobility of spirit than following his example to reach out to others kindly, be open to all, and, as members of the historians' community, to learn from each rather than competing or comparing ourselves, and to uphold principles of hard work and dignity.

In the names of these principles, he demonstrated to all of us that there are things more important than money, career, power, and influence that make one a true historian. It's morality, ethics, and belief. Professor Hitchins showed us what they mean through his exemplary life.

May God bless Keith Hitchins.

May God bless the two countries he loved the most, his own and mine, Romania! He served them both with honor and grace.

Biographical and Professional Information

PERSONAL

Born April 2, 1931 in Schenectady, New York

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

Vasile Puşcaş, "Keith Hitchins, Historian of the Central Southeastern European Area," <u>Transylvanian Review</u>, Vol. 6, No. 1 (Spring 1997), pp. 99-130.

Professor Keith Hitchins at Seventy (Bucharest: Editura Enciclopedică [2001]), 75 pp.

Professor Keith Hitchins at Seventy-Five (Bucharest: Editura Enciclopedică [2006]), 86 pp.

"Keith Hitchins și istoria românilor," <u>Vatra</u> (Târgu Mureș), Anul 33, Nr. 424 (July 2006), pp. 29-87.

Lucian Boia, "Un interviu din 1973 cu Keith Hitchins," Vatra, 33 (424), pp. 36-37.

Virgil Nemoianu, "Keith Hitchins din Illinois," Vatra, 33 (424), pp. 49-50.

Iacob Mârza, "Keith Hitchins. Portrait of the Historian," Colloquia, Vol. 15 (Cluj-Napoca, 2008), pp. 139-158.

"Interview with Keith Hitchins." Initiated by Maria Crăciun, Ovidiu Ghitta, and Mária Lupescu Makó, <u>Colloquia</u>, Vol. 15 (Cluj-Napoca, 2008), pp. 159-168.

Iacob Mârza, "Prag în istoria națiunii române. Dialog cu istoricul Keith Hitchins," <u>Transilvania</u> (Sibiu), No. 12 (2008), pp. 55-56.

"Hitchins, Keith," in Dorina N. Rusu, <u>Dicţionarul Membrilor Academiei Române 1866-2010</u> (Bucureşti, 2010), pp. 475-476.

<u>Keith Hitchins at 80</u> (Bucharest: Encyclopedica Publishing House, 2011), 100 pp.

Vasile Puşcaş, "In honorem Keith Hitchins --80," in <u>Activitatea Ştiinţifică la Institutul de Istorie "George Bariţiu" din Cluj-Napoca</u> (Bucharest, 2011), pp. 175-224.

"Interviuri: Keith Hitchins, profesor de istorie," România Liberă (Bucharest), June 26, 2013.

ACADEMIC

Union College (Schenectady, N.Y.), A.B. (1952). Phi Beta Kappa

Harvard University, A.M. (1953), Ph.D. (1964)

University of Paris, French history, Romanian language and literature (1957–1958)

University of Bucharest, Romanian history (1960–1961)

University of Cluj, Romanian history (1961–1962)

Nicolae Iorga Prize of the Romanian Academy for The Idea of Nation (1985)

Honorary Member of the Institute of History "A. D. Xenopol" of the Romanian Academy, Iaşi, 2008.

Honorary Member of the Institute of Southeast European Studies of the Romanian Academy, Bucharest, 2010.

Honorary Member of the Institute of History "George Bariţiu" of Cluj-Napoca of the Romanian Academy, 2010.

Honorary Member of the Romanian Academy, 1991

Doctor Honoris Causa, University of Cluj, 1991

Doctor Honoris Causa, University of Sibiu, 1993

Doctor Honoris Causa, University of Alba Iulia, 2001

Doctor Honoris Causa, University of Târgu Mureş, 2005

Doctor Honoris Causa, University of Timişoara, 2008

Doctor Honoris Causa, University of Iași, 2008

Doctor Honoris Causa, "Andrei Şaguna" University of Constanța, 2009

Doctor Honoris Causa, University of Bucharest, 2012

EMPLOYMENT

Instructor and Assistant Professor of History, Wake Forest University, 1958-1965 Assistant Professor of History, Rice University, 1965-1967 Associate Professor of History, University of Illinois, 1967-1969 Professor of History, University of Illinois, 1969-2019

FIELDS OF INTEREST

History of the Romanians
Southeastern Europe
Modern Hungarian history
The Habsburg Monarchy, 1700-1918
Modern nationalism
Central Asia
History and Literature of the Tajiks
History of the Kurds
The Caucasus

LANGUAGES

French, German, Romanian, Russian, Hungarian, Bulgarian, Spanish (very good reading knowledge) Albanian, Serbo-Croatian, Slovak, Turkish, Modern Greek, Kurdish, Tajik, Persian, Kazakh, Uzbek, Azerbaijani, Georgian (good reading knowledge)

EDITOR

Rumanian Studies, 1970–1986 Studies in East European Social History, 1977–1981 Journal of Kurdish Studies, 1995–2008

AWARDS

University Scholar, University of Illinois, 1985

Diploma for contributions to furthering a knowledge of Romanian culture and civilization abroad, Fundația Culturală Română, 1995

Lifetime achievement award for contributions to Slavic Studies, American Association for the advancement of Slavic Studies, 2000

Ordinul Național "Pentru Merit" în grad de Comandor, President of Romania, 2000

Crucea Casei Regale a României, King Michael I of Romania, 2008

Pentru Merit în grad de Mare Ofițer, conferred by the President of Romania, 2016

CONSULTANT

Council for International Exchange of Scholars, East European Advisory Committee, Washington, D.C., 1970–1979

International Research and Exchanges Board, East European Committee, New York, 1972–1975

Joint Committee on Eastern Europe of the American Council of Learned Societies and the Social Science Research Council, New York, 1982–1989

East European Selection Committee, American Council of Learned Societies, New York, 2008, 2010, 2011

East European Summer Language Institute of the Joint Committee on Eastern Europe, 1985–1987

Committee on Bibliography, Information Retrieval, and Development of the Joint Committee on Soviet Studies, New York, 1986–1989

Chairman, Project on Eastern Europe between the World Wars, Joint Committee on Eastern Europe, 1987–1989

Committee on Soviet and East European Collections in the United States, Social Science Research Council, 1992 and 1993

Editorial Board, Slavic Review, 1980–1991

Editorial Board, Colloquia. Journal of Central European History, Cluj, Romania, 1994-2019

Sponsors Committee, Studia Kurdica, Paris, 1985-2019

Comité Consultatif, Revue Roumaine d'Histoire, Bucharest, 1995-2019

Consulting Editor for Caucasian Studies, Encyclopaedia Iranica (Columbia University), 1998-2019

Consulting Editor for Kurdish Studies, Encyclopaedica Iranica (Columbia University), 2011-2019

Consulting Editor for Central Asian Literatures, Encyclopaedia of World Literature in the 20th Century (St. James Press), 1999–2019

Consiliul Ştiinţific, Studia Universitatis Petru Maior, Târgu Mureş, 2004-2019

Editorial Committee, Annales Universitatis Apulensis, Series Historica, Alba Iulia, 2006-2019

Comitato Scientifico, Il Mar Nero (Rome), 2006-2019

Executive Editor, International Journal of Humanistic Ideology (Cluj), 2008-2019

Comitetul Științific, Anuarul Institutului de Cercetări Socio-Umane "Gheorghe Şincai", Târgu Mureș, 2009-2019

Board of Editors, History and Politics, Chişinău, Moldova, 2009-2019

Board of Editors, The Scientific Journal of Humanistic Studies (Cluj), 2009-2019

International Advisory Board, Eastern Journal of European Studies (Alexandru Ioan Cuza University, Iași, Romania), 2010-2019

Advisory Board, International Journal of Communications Research (Iași, Romania), 2011-2019

Editorial Committee, East European Politics and Societies (New York: ACLS), 2013-2019

Editorial Advisory Board, Kurdish Studies (London), 2013-2019

Colegiul Științific, Studii și Materiale de Istorie Modernă (Romanian Academy, Institute of History, Bucharest), 2012-2019

Editorial Board, Dictionary of Intercultural Philosophy, 2013-2019

Comitato Scientifico, Krypton. Identità, Poteri e Rappresentazioni (Rome), 2013-2019

Advisory Board, History of Communism in Europe (Bucharest), 2013-2019

Scientific Committee and Editorial Board, Nuova Rivista Storica (Milano), 2013-2019

Editorial Board of the series: Biblioteca della "Nuova Rivista Storica" (Milano), 2014-2019

Colegiul de Redacție, Analele Științifice ale Universității "Alexandru Ioan Cuza" din Iași (serie nouă), Istorie, 2010-2019

CURRENT WRITING PROJECTS

Romania, 1948-1989

Southeastern Europe, 1352–1807, 2 Vols., Vol. 1 (1352-1683), Vol. 2 (1683-1807) (for the Oxford History of Early Modern Europe series)

The Emergence of the Modern Idea of Nation: The Role of Intellectuals in Eastern Europe, the Near East, and Inner Asia.

PAPERS PREPARED FOR CONFERENCES

- 1967. Bratislava, Czechoslovakia. Conference on the Austro-Hungarian Compromise of 1867: "The Rumanians of Transylvania and the Ausgleich, 1865–1869"
- 1968. Toronto, Canada. Annual meeting of the American Historical Association: "The Russian Revolution and the Rumanian Socialist Movement, 1917–1918"
- 1969. Berkeley, California. Symposium on the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Hungarian Soviet Republic: "The Rumanian Socialists and the Hungarian Soviet Republic"
- 1977. Berkeley, California. Symposium on Social Change in Rumania, 1860–1940: "Gândirea: Nationalism in a Spiritual Guise"
- 1978. Mainz, West Germany. Conference on the Berlin Congress of 1878: "International Aspects of the Rumanian National Movement in Hungary, 1967–1895"
- 1979. Ankara, Turkey. Fourth Congress of Southeast European Studies: "Rumanian Intellectuals: The West and National Consciousness, 1830–1848"
- 1981. New Haven, Connecticut. Yale Conference on Early Modern Nationalism in Russia and Eastern Europe: "The Rumanian Orthodox Peasantry and the Uniate Clergy in Transylvania, 1730–1780"
- 1982. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Annual meeting of the Middle East Studies Association: "The Caucasian Albanians and the Arab Caliphate"
- 1985. Washington, D.C. Third Congress of Soviet and East European Studies: "Rumanian Peasantism between the Two World Wars"
- 1987. Boston. Annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Slavic Studies: "The Rumanian Idea of Autonomy in Transylvania, 1867–1906."
- 1988. Amsterdam, The Netherlands. International Institute for Social History: "The Rumanian and Hungarian Socialist and Labor Movements, 1870s to 1914."
- 1988. Ráckeve, Hungary. Conference on Models of Development and Theories of Modernization: "Rumanian Peasantism: The Third Way."
- 1989. Dubrovnik, Yugoslavia. Conference on National Identity in Eastern Europe in the Period between the World Wars: "Orthodoxism: Polemics over Ethnicity and Religion in Interwar Rumania."
- 1990. Amsterdam, The Netherlands. International Institute for Social History. Conference on Socialist and Labor Movement, 1870–1914: "The Peasant Question in European Socialist Thought and Action."
- 1991. Berlin, Germany, The Free University of Berlin. Conference on Rumania in the 1990s: "The Rumanian Orthodox Church in the Twentieth Century."
- 1992. Amsterdam, The Netherlands. International Institute for Social History. Conference on the Communist and Communist Parties: "Two papers: "The Communist Movement in Hungary, 1918–1944" and "The Communist Movement in Rumania, 1917–1944."
- 1992. Paris, France, The International Association of Labour History Institutions and L'Institut de Coopération Sociale Internationale. International Colloquium on the History of Mutualism: "Mutual Benefit Societies in Hungary, 1830–1941."
- 1993. Paris, France, Institut National des Langues et Civilisation Orientales and Institut Kurde de Paris. Conference on the Kurdish Language in Society. "The Language Question in Eastern Europe and among the Kurds. A Comparative Study."
- 1994. Amsterdam. The Netherlands. International Institute for Social History. Conference on Social Democracy and the Peasantry, 1870–1914: "Rumanian Social Democracy and the Peasantry, 1870–1914."
- 1996. Bucharest, Romania. Institutul de Istorie "N. Iorga". Conference on the Jews in Rumanian History. "Jewish Cooperatives in Bessarabia and Integration into Romanian Society, 1920–1940."
- 1997. Sacramento, California, Vryonis Center for Hellenic Studies. Conference on the Enlightenment in Southeastern Europe: "The Romanian Enlightenment in Transylvania."
- 1997. Cluj, Romania, University of Cluj and University of Milan. Conference on the Lessons of Yalta: "Yalta in American Historiography."
- 1998. Bucharest, Romania. Conference on Culture and the Politics of Identity in Modern Romania sponsored by the Journal of the History of Ideas: Keynote address, "The Identity of Romania."

- 2000. Cluj, Romania. Conference on the 300th Anniversary of the Church Union with Rome in Transylvania: "The Romanian Clergy before the Church Union with Rome in Transylvania."
- 2001. Bucharest, New Europe College, Conference on "Nation and National Ideology": "The Emergence of the Idea of Nation among the Romanians of Transylvania, 1700-1849."
- 2003. Târgu Mureş, Romania. Conference on the Cultures of Post-1989 Central and Eastern Europe: (With Corina Teodor), "The Orthodox Churches (18th to 20th Century) in Post-1989 Romanian and Bulgarian Historiography."
- 2006. Erbil, Kurdistan Regional Government, Iraq. First World Congress of Kurdish Studies. "Kurdish Nation-formation in Comparative Perspective."
- 2006. Iași, Romania. Symposium on Romanian Cultural Identity in the Context of European Integration. "History and Ethnicity in the Novels of Ion Druță."
- 2006. Târgu Mureş, Romania. Symposium on the Enlightenment in East Central Europe. "Samuil Micu, Philosophe?"
- 2006. Heidelberg, Germany. Conference on Monarchische Herrschaftsordnung im europäischen Kontext. Die Dynastie von Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen in Rumänien 1866-1947 und die deutsch-rumänischen Beziehungen. "The Romania of the Kings."
- 2007. Bloomington, Indiana. Hour of Romania International Conference. "Notes on Romanian Historiography, 1948-2007."
- 2007. Bloomington, Indiana. Conference on Strategies of Identity Construction. Ethnic Politics, Minorities, and European Integration in Transylvania. "Erdélyi Fiatalok: The Hungarian Village and Hungarian Identity in Transylvania in the 1930s."
- 2007. Vienna, Austria. Conference on the Church Union with Rome of the Romanians of Transylvania in the Eighteenth Century. "The Policy of the Court of Vienna toward the Romanian Orthodox, 1744-1759."
- 2007. New Delhi, India. Conference on the History of Religions. "Religion and Nation."
- 2008. Timişoara, Romania. Conference on "European Romania": "Major Cultures and Minor Cultures: The Romanians' Debate about Europe, 18th Century to 1989."
- 2008. Cluj, Romania. Conference on National Entanglements: The Romanians and Hungarians in Transylvania: "Accommodation or Separation: Romanians and Hungarians in Transylvania, 1867-1940."
- 2008 Bucharest, Romania. Conference on Modernism and Anti-Modernism: "The Challenge of Modernism in Interwar Southeastern Europe: The Orthodox Response."
- 2009. Timișoara, Romania. Conference on Romanian Social-political Concepts: "Liberalism, 1821-1866."
- 2010 Bucharest, Romania. Conference on The Balkans and the Caucasus at New Europe College: "Great Powers, Small Powers: Wallachia and Georgia Confront the Eastern Question, 1768-1802."
- 2010 Bucharest. Romania. Conference at the Romanian Academy on 130 years of diplomatic relations between Romania and the United States: "Internationalism and the Nation-State: The United States and Romania at Versailles and Yalta."
- 2011 Baku, Azerbaijan. Conference on the Albanians of the Caucasus: "The Caucasian Albanians, the Arab Caliphate, Religious Controversy: The Crisis of Survival in the 7th and 8th Centuries."
- 2011 Târgu Mureş, Romania. Conference on the Italian Risorgimento and national movements in Europe: "The Romanian Risorgimento: Union and Independence in the Principalities: Autonomy in Transylvania, 1840-1866."
- 2012 London. Lecture at the Romanian Cultural Institute: "Applied Liberalism in Romania: Ion I. C. Brătianu."
- 2012 Tbilisi, Georgia. Conference on Representing History: Theoretical Trends and Case Studies: "The Idea of Nation and the Role of Intellectuals: Eastern Europe, the Caucasus, Central Asia, and the Kurds of Anatolia, 1860-1940."
- 2014 Bloomington, Indiana. Annual Romanian Studies Conference at Indiana University: "Europe as the Touchstone of the Romanian Essence: The Criterionists."
- 2015. Venice, Italy. Conference on Memoralistica e letteratura della Grande Guerra. Parallelismi e dissonanze: "Romania's Role in the First World War" (Keynote Address).
- 2015. Philadelphia. Annual Convention of ASEEES. Panel: "Spirituality and Social Change in Southeastern Europe, 1880-1939.": Paper: "Religion and National Identity in Interwar Southeastern Europe."
- 2016. Washington, D.C. Annual Convention of ASEEES. Panel: Secret Police Targets Encounter Their Files." Paper: "
 'We Need to Know Everything about Everybody': The Romanian Securitate and American Scholars."

In Memoriam

For Keith Hitchins

I have many fond memories from my five years of working with Professor Keith Hitchins at the University of Illinois, Champaign-Urbana (1991—1996) and over the decades that have passed since then. I first met Professor Hitchins on the shelves of the Senate House library at the University of London, where I attended the School for Slavonic and East European Studies in 1989—1990. It was through his writings about the nationalist movement in Transylvania during the 19th century that I discovered a very different narrative from the one I had learned in school in Romania before I left my native country in 1985. His book about Andrei Şaguna opened up for me many questions about the ways in which religious institutions, educational initiatives, and the work of leaders I had not heard about until then, became connected in the development of nationalism among ethnic Romanian communities that lived in the Habsburg Empire. Through Keith Hitchins' writings I started understanding my own biases and assumptions about the many linguistic and cultural groups that lived in Romania. I decided that I needed to dig deeper in whatever archives I might be able to access to better understand nationalism. Within a few months I applied to graduate history programs that took people interested in Eastern Europe. And Keith Hitchins responded.

When I applied to the graduate history program there in the fall of 1990, he was a mysterious figure to me. While some other prominent historians of his generation cut colorful figures at the annual conferences, like the now renamed AAASS, Professor Hitchins was someone with an aura of remote authority. Simply put, I was terribly intimidated by his persona and just about fell off my chair when, one day, in the spring of 1991, I heard from him. With his warm and calm voice, he introduced himself and let me know that he was interested in recruiting me to the University of Illinois. Would I be interested in being his research assistant?

As a twenty-two-year-old, I had not even fantasized about Professor Hitchins showing an interest in working individually with me. With his usual humility, he explained that he had a personal collection of books in Romanian that he could use some assistance with in terms of cataloguing its contents. I wasn't sure at all what this meant, but I said I would be honored to assist in any way I can. And thus, instead of going to Columbia University, I decided to move to Champaign Urbana without even a visit. Back then, "recruitment visits" were not au courant for graduate students, and I didn't need a recruitment visit to decide whether I wanted to be mentored by the most prominent historian of Romania outside Romania. I just pinched myself for being so lucky and said "Yes."

It was one of the most fateful and best decisions I've ever made. For, without Keith Hitchins, I would not have moved to Urbana, I would not have met my life partner, and I wouldn't have ended up raising two boys and working at a great other midwestern university. But that's another story.

When I arrived in Urbana and went to Professor Hitchins' office to meet him on an early August morning, I was very nervous and didn't know what to expect. Up at the top of Greg Hall, tucked in a corner, was his office door. I knocked and was invited in. Behind a wooden desk, surrounded by books that overflowed on every shelf and seemed to pop out of the floor, was Keith Hitchins, coffee cup in front of him and sharpened pencil nearby. With kind eyes and a gentle hand gesture, he invited me to take a seat on the only surface that seemed available (I was so glad it was a chair, though I would have taken the floor, truth be told!) and we started to talk.

I don't remember our conversation. All I remember is that I instantly felt I was entering a secret community of love of books and passion for the past, and that Professor Hitchins was going to be my guide. I had the privilege of then being introduced to his overwhelming collection of books and other publications in his converted garage. For a couple of years, I went through volumes he had collected over time and provided notes on the content. It is how I found out about the *Bulletin for Eugenics and Biopolitics*, which led me to my dissertation research and then a very successful career in academia.

Over the years, Professor Hitchins became Keith; it took me a long time to get the nerve to call him by his first name. He kindly provided advice and support, and eventually I was able to give back in some small measure, by hosting him for a couple of conferences and sending him my publications.

Some mentors are overpowering figures, whose students feel like they need to please, to live up to, to demonstrate their worth over and over. But that was not Keith. His generosity poured like the clear water of a mountain spring. He did not pressure his students into molds of his own scholarly vision. Instead, he provided the opportunity for everyone to flourish on their own terms. It is his quietest legacy and the one that I have striven to replicate every day of my professional career, paying it forward to others eager to dig through the messy past of Eastern Europe.

Keith lives in all of us who worked with him, and Professor Hitchins will continue to remain a towering figure of the first postwar generation of Romanian history scholars, who helped propel numerous other scholars towards dedicating our intellectual passions to a place and community of people little known and appreciated in the historical narratives of Europe until then. As someone who hails from Romania I am forever grateful for his choices and his intellectual gifts to my home country and its people.

Maria Bucur, John W. Hill Professor of East European History, Professor of Gender Studies, Indiana University



My contact with Keith dates from the publication in 1969 of his path-breaking *The Rumanian National Movement in Transylvania*, 1780-1849. For a newly-appointed teacher of early Romanian literature at the School of Slavonic and East European Studies at the University of London, the book proved invaluable since it represented an example of outstanding scholarship, delivered with the detachment of a foreigner from national and confessional prejudices. I expressed these sentiments in a letter that I wrote to him and received gracious thanks. The same qualities characterized his study *Orthodoxy and Nationality: Andreiu Şaguna and the Rumanians of Transylvania*, 1846-1873, that appeared in 1977. Once again, I was indebted to Keith since my teaching obligations were extended to cover the history of Romania in the following year and Şaguna was not only the central figure in the national movement in the two decades after the 1848 revolution, but was also extraordinarily active as an Orthodox prelate, as a theologian, and in organizing education. The exchange of occasional letters paved the way to our first meeting, in autumn 1988, in Cluj, in the office of Pompiliu Teodor, Professor of History at Babeş-Bolyai university.

Our shared dismay at the draconian austerity measures imposed by Ceauşescu on the long-suffering Romanian people translated our relationship into one of friendship, a friendship that was renewed after 1989 when our association revolved around Şerban Papacostea in Bucharest. Perhaps fittingly, the opportunity for Keith and I to discuss our respective projects was provided on a number of occasions by Şerban who, taking advantage of our fortuitous presence in the capital, invited us both either for morning coffee and cakes in his study, or for an afternoon version in which the cakes were supplemented by fruit salad, and the coffee by Romanian vermouth.

Keith's major project in the early 1990s was a monumental history of Romania spanning the years 1774 to 1947. The typescript proved to be so voluminous that Sir William Deakin, who alongside Alan Bullock, was one the editors of *The Oxford History of Modern Europe* in which series Keith's contribution was contracted to appear, became concerned and asked me to cast an eye over it. I and a second consultant suggested that the typescript be divided into two volumes and indeed it appeared as *Rumania*, 1866-1947 (1994) and *The Romanians*, 1774-1866 (1996). Unique in English, meticulously researched, both books are a testament to Keith's almost monastic devotion to his *métier* and stand as works of reference.

Şerban's study also provided the crucible for *Istoria României*, a 600-page volume published by Editura Enciclopedică in 1998. Şerban himself initiated the project and invited Keith and I to join him, alongside Mihai Bărbulescu and Pompiliu Teodor, as authors. The book was revised and reprinted in several editions over the next five years by Editura Corint. Keith, Şerban and I discussed the revisions to our own chapters and took much pleasure in the positive feedback that we received from Romanian students who informed us that in several universities it had been adopted as a core course-book. It was in this setting that Keith's personal qualities were also displayed, his interest in his graduate and postgraduate students, his altruism, his objectivity, and his humility. He was an admirable example of the dedicated scholar and teacher.

Dennis Deletant, Emeritus Professor of Romanian Studies, School of Slavonic and East European Studies, University College, London



Some words for Keith Hitchins

For historians of Romania trained in the twenty-first century, as I was, Keith Hitchins was impossible to ignore – and not only because he tirelessly reviewed new books with almost unequaled dedication throughout his career. His work on the Romanian national movement in Transylvania created a usable history of the development of nationalism that took into account the situation Romanians found themselves in as a linguistic and religious minority in a rapidly changing empire while avoiding projecting the problems of twentieth century nationalism back into the eighteenth. His accounts of Andrei Şaguna provided a model of how to fruitfully integrate church history and political history in a Central European context. And his three synthetic surveys of Romanian history are still a treasury of reliable interpretation decades after they were written. Juxtaposing intellectual debates, economics, politics, and foreign policy, he managed to parse out the complex threads of the past into manageable portions that are digestible both individually and collectively. From *The Rumanian National Movement in Transylvania*, 1780-1849 (1969) to *Ion I. C. Brătianu: Romania* (2011), Hitchins took Romanians seriously as intellectuals and politicians who stood on their own two feet and who were the equals of their Western counterparts in every way. Romanian history, under Hitchins' pen, was not a reflection of Western trends *fără fond*. Rather, for better or for worse it was a story of a nation told in its own terms. In his writings, his talks, and his mentoring, Hitchins passed down an example of critical empathy and vast erudition that will continue to bear fruit for many years to come.

Roland Clark, Senior Lecturer in Modern European History, University of Liverpool



Un prieten lipsă

A plecat dintre noi cu discreție, așa cum a trăit întreaga sa viață, istoricul Keith Hitchins. Nu sunt eu cel competent să mă pronunț asupra lui ca om de știință, mi-a fost suficientă garanție aprecierea și afecțiunea pe care i-o arăta academicianul David Prodan. Iar cărțile lui pe care le-am citit mi-au fost, în acea epocă în care politizarea retroactivă a istoriei era un instrument de persuasiune morală și politică, un obiectiv îndreptar în cunoașterea propriului nostru trecut. Las loc istoricilor să o aprecieze cu competență valoarea scrierilor lui. Las loc istoricilor să scrie despre opera sa, eu vreau să adaug doar câteva gânduri răzlețe despre el ca om și ca bun prieten.

Am avut șansa să stau în preajma lui ca tânăr bibliotecar în sala de lectură a Bibliotecii Academiei din Cluj, unde, datorită lipsei de spațiu, birourile noastre se aflau în imediată apropiere (în aceeași perioadă, într-un depozit al bibliotecii se afla biroul profesorului Nicolae Mărgineanu, nu pentru că ar fi fost ostracizat, ci, pentru că putea lucra nestingherit la mașina de scris la redactarea cărților sale). Din intimidarea absolută a primei întâlniri s-a dezvoltat încet o conviețuire pașnică, în care eu încercam să nu-l deranjez, iar el încerca să nu se supere prea tare de micile zbenguiri ale tinereței noastre. Am asistat, uimit, la încăpățânarea cu care parcurgea (de multe ori însoțit de Pompiliu Teodor) textele lui Samuil Micu, Petru Marior sau Gheorghe Șincai, cele mai multe scrise cu slovă chirilică și păstrate încă doar în manuscris, neaflându-și încă ediții moderne. Abia mai târziu am înțeles că accesul direct la sursa primară îl scutea de riscul deformărilor intenționate sau întâmplătoare ale celor care au scris despre ele, parcurgându-le de cele mai multe ori doar fugitiv.

Nu îi plăceau conflictele și refuza orice interpetare partizană. Era în 1991 la un mare simpozion organizat la Universitatea clujeană despre începuturile Bisericii Unite. Somat să își spună părerea sa la un conflict între doi bătrâni înverșunați, dintre care unul susținea că primul episcop unit, Atanasie Anghel a fost otrăvit de ortodoși, altul că l-au omorât greco-catolicii, a dat o sentință solomonică:

— Singurul lucru pe care îl pot spune cu certitudine este că a murit!

Amuzantă era uimirea (niciodată manifestată prin vorbe) asupra unor lucruri care țineau de viața noastră de toate zilele. O singură dată a făcut-o prin viu grai, povestindu-mi cum a umblat o zi întreagă prin tot New York-ul, alături de un coleg de bibliotecă care ajunsese în Statele Unite la rudele sale, în căutarea unui singur [sic!] pantof pe care dorea să-l ducă unei nepoate care avea un picior amputat.

Alteori cred că privea uimit și nu se mai obosea să înțeleagă complicatele resorturi ale vieții de la noi. Un asemenea moment a produs un haz nebun între noi, tinerii din bibliotecă. Era în toamna lui 1969. Avea un plover cenușiu, pe care îl îmbrăca atunci când stătea la birou și lucra. Îl aștepta întotdeauna pe spătarul scaunului; se mai rodea în coate și se rărea, ba se mai pierdea câte un nasture. Silvia, femeia de servici, care fusese înainte servitoare în casa unui academician, îi țesea cu discreție coatele și îi mai cosea nasturii căzuți. Se purta cuvincios cu "domnu' Icinz", așa cum se purta cu noi toți, dar plină de grijă, ca și cum eram dintr-o familie. Într-o zi a avut touși o izbucnire neașteptată. A intrat în sala de lectură, s-a oprit în dreptul lui și a spus pe un tot ultimativ:

— Domnu' Icinz! Vă rog să vă cumpărați alt plovăr!

A privit-o uimit, neînțelegând de ce trebuia unul nou. Silvia, pricepând nedumerirea lui, a continuat:

— Mi-e rușine să le spun celorlalte femei de pe Kogălniceanu că am un american la mine! (Că în fața

Bibliotecii Academiei era clădirea Universității, iar pe strada Kogălniceanu mai erau trei licee și Silvia înțelegea să lupte pentru prestigiul Bibliotecii Academiei dar și al ei personal în fața altor femei de servici).

Nu știu dacă a înțeles de ce era mare nevoie să-și cumpere unul nou, din moment ce acela își făcea bine treaba protejându-l de răcoarea din sala de lectură și de praf. Zgârcit nu era (l-am văzut având gesturi de mare generozitate, ajutând financiar cu discreție acolo unde credea că trebuie, procurând cărți, unele scumpe, pentru diverși solicitanți); probabil nu a înțeles imperativa cerere a Silviei, așa că tot cu cel vechi a rămas.

Avea câțiva prieteni cu care mai tăifăsuia: în engleză (care pe atunci era o veritabilă păsărească pentru mine) cu Nicolae Mărgineanu. Vorbea des cu șeful secției de manuscrise, Pista Semlyen, care era plin de solicitudine. Cu David Prodan și Pompiliu Teodor discuta mai ales despre cercetările sale. Mai era o pleiadă de doamne, una mai elegantă și mai distinsă decât alta, care îi răpeau timpul, evident agasându-l. Noi le priveam amuzați, bănuind că erau în vânătoarea unui mariaj în America. Mult mai târziu, după ce a avut acces la dosarul său de la CNSAS, întâlnindu-ne la o festivitate la Alba Iulia m-a tras deoparte în timpul mesei festive și m-a întrebat cu discreție dacă știu cine dădea note informative despre el. Nu știam – eram nou în bibliotecă – și nu puteam decât bănui după evoluția unor persoane. Să fi fost și dintre aceste doamne înțelepte și elegante unele cu misiune? Nu știu!

Stând alături de el am înțeles și cum trebuie făcută o cercetare. În 1973, de exemplu, împreună cu Kati Comănescu, fotografa bibliotecii, am mers însoțiți de un mare aparat de microfilmat - noi îi spuneam documator - la Sibiu, unde am lucrat două săptămâni în arhiva Mitropoliei, microfilmând documente referitoar la Andrei Şaguna. Majoritatea erau selecționate de el, dar răsfoind pachetele, am considerat că ar trebui microfilmate și altele, așa că am făcut-o. Nu doream să mă interferez cu selecția lui, așa că puneam la microfilmare pe colțul lor o fițuică cu însemnele MG (să fi fost aici și orgoliul tinereții?). I-am atras atenția că am făcut acest lucru și mi-a mulțumit cu gentilețea lui obișnuită. Nu știu dacă i-au fost de mare folos, dar, atunci când a apărut ediția engleză a monografiei despre Andrei Şaguna mi-a trimis printr-un bursier american un exemplar cu dedicație, așa că pot bănui că măcar nu l-am încurcat.

În cele șase luni cât am stat cu birourile vecine relația dintre el și noi, ceilalți bibliotecari, era una caldă, ca într-o familie. Minunate au fost trei călătorii făcute în Munții Apuseni, în Maramureș și la mănăstirile din Bucovina (am profitat de faptul că în ARO-ul pe care i l-a pus la dispoziție Filiala Academiei era loc și pentru mine). Din călătoriile acestea îmi amintesc câteva momente care m-au amuzat. Eram în Maramureș și urcam pe un deal pentru a vizita o biserică de lemn. Cârsnicul, care ne întovărășea ca să ne deschidă ușa, crezând că suntem în pelerinaj religios a deschis o discuție cu americanul pe teme religioase:

- Că așa o spus Domnu' nostru Hristos, că dacă ți să dă o palmă, să întorci și celălalt obraz!
- Da! I-a răspuns Keith. Iar săteanul a continuat ferm:
- Şi după aia îi dai un picior în cur să-i sară și ochii!

În alt sat, întovărășiți tot de cârstnic, acesta, crezând că suntem ceva oficiali, ne lăuda în toate felurile pe preotul satului: câtu-i de bun, câtu-i de iubit de oameni, câtu-i de lipit de nevoile oamenilor, că nu l-ar lăsa pentru nimica în lume să plece; și așa mai departe. Keith, care se pregătea temeinic citind înaintea fiecărei expediții, știind că satul fusese unul greco-catolic, a întrebat:

- Dar mai sunt greco-catolici în sat?
- Toți, înafară de popa!

A iubit poporul român cu discreție. Tot în excursia din Maramureș, defectându-se mașina, am fost invitați în casă de un sătean (era vreme destul de rece și ploua). S-a încropit imediat în cinstea noastră o masă plină de bunătăți. După două ore (timp în care șoferul a rezolvat defecțiunea și s-a ospătat și el), la plecare, s-a ajuns la penibilul subiect financiar al datoriilor noastre. Keith a privit uimit indignarea gazdei, care s-a simțit profund jignit. După soluționarea neînțelegerii prin îmbrățișări cu gazda și promisiunea că mai trecem pe acolo, pe drum, Keith, care stătea în față lângă șofer, s-a întors spre noi și ne-a spus:

— Asta la noi ar fi greu de imaginat!

Nu știu la ce se referea: la generoasa ospitalitate a gazdei sau la vehemența refuzului unei plăți. Poate la amândouă...

Din episodul acesta a curs și un mic amuzament al nostru, cei tineri. La plecare, gazda ne-a dat și o sticlă de o jumătate cu horincă. Pe drum, mai ales noi cei trei din spatele mașinii, am lichidat-o. Dar a băut puțin și Keith. Era dreasă cu chimen și îndulcită și i-a plăcut și lui. A ascultat consternat când i-am spus că uneori horinca se face din spirt medicinal filtrat prin pâine. A doua zi și-a programat un consult la oftalmolog.

Dintre multele întâlniri întâmplătoare amintesc de una care ne-a amuzat la fel de mult pe amândoi. Eram la Chişinău întovărășind o donație clujeană de cărți pentru bibliotecile de acolo și m-am dus să salut niște colege bibliotecare la ULIM (Universitatea Liberă din Moldova, un fel de "Spiru Haret" basarabean, mai bine gospodărit decât cel de la noi). În hol am avut surpriza să dau de Keith Hitchins înconjurat de o seamă de oficialități. Ne-am îmbrățișat în viteză și ne-am întrebat pe scurt unul pe altul ce căutăm acolo. După aceea fiecare și-a văzut de treaba sa. Era în timpul președinției comunistului Igor Voronin, așa că nu m-a surprins că după aceea am avut în peranență "însoțitor" în cele două zile cât am mai stat acolo. Mai mult, am și fost întrebat de un amic (care nu asistase la întâlnire) dacă îl cunosc cumva și unde s-a întâmplat aceasta. Mult mai târziu, la aceeași masă de la Alba Iulia, când i-am spus ce am pățit eu, mi-a mărturisit că și el a avut aceeași soartă și că a fost întrebat de unde ne cunoaștem.

Avea un profund cult al prieteniei. Când i-am povestit că mormântul unui bun prieten al lui, Pista Semlyen nu prea este îngrijit de familie (băiatul lui emigrase) și că în fiecare an pe 1 noiembrie mă întâlnesc acolo cu o prietenă a acestuia și că îl curățăm și aprindem lumânări, a lăcrimat sincer și a făcut gestul de a duce mâna la buzunar ca să dea bani pentru îngrijirea mormântului.

Plecarea lui dintre noi ne-a produs tuturor celor care l-am cunoscut o mare consternare și durerea pe care ți-o aduce pierderea unei persoane apropiate și dragi. Rămân amintirile celor care l-am cunoscut și, ce e mai important, cărțile lui.

Alin-Mihai Gherman, Professor Emeritus, 1 December 1918 University, Alba Iulia.



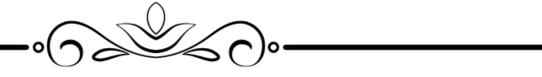
I wrote a book comparing structuralist ideas in Romania and Brazil; whatever merit the Romanian part has I owe in great measure to Keith, who generously offered me his counsel on contacts, institutions, and repositories in Bucharest, as well as lending me books from his large personal library.

Joseph Love, Professor Emeritus of Latin American History, University of Illinois, Champaign-Urbana



Our offices were across the hall from each other for many years, back in the warren of rooms that used to house the lab rats for the Psych department (or so Keith told me one day when we were commiserating about our inability to do anything about the temperature controls in that corner of the building). No matter how early I came in the morning, Keith was already hard at work, and indeed, upon arriving before 9 some days I'd catch him heading out for his "reward" – that is, his late morning coffee break after his early morning shift. Rumor has it that his other favored morning break was to throw some baseballs in the hall before anyone else arrived, but I was never there early enough to confirm that. In the early years in my office, I'd hear him clicking away at his manual typewriter: click, click, click, book after book. But eventually he made the transition to a computer, which caused him in the transition period to sometimes summon me for tech help. Most of these summonses were for assistance posting letters for students: letter after letter, some completely retyped if the ACLS or other website didn't register them properly. I recalled being awed by these glimpses into Keith's tremendous dedication as an advisor. And I recall that it was sometimes unsettlingly quiet for days on end in our office-cul-de-sac, and then Keith would return with another honorary degree and tales of remarkable Romanian hospitality. And then he'd get back to work, which I always thought was his real reward, with the coffee just the enabler.

Kristin Hoganson, The Stanley S. Stroup Professor of United States History, University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign



For Keith
September 2019 (written on the occasion of his retirement)

Old men forget/but they shall not be forgot. - Shakespeare, Henry V

Almost all my memories of Keith Hitchins are from my early morning encounters with him in the corridors of Gregory Hall. Early risers both, we developed a passing rapport that involved an exchange of morning greetings and inquiries about the weather, upcoming travel and -- in later years -- his health. As all who know him can attest, he is a scholar above all else: prolific, globally renowned, decorated internationally for his accomplishments and (literally) revered in Romania where his life's work has been rooted.

For me Keith is all of those things of course. But he is also a courteous, kind, gentle man who conjures another era in his fedora and great coat, typically swinging a chipped tea cup on his way to the Espresso Royal on Daniel -- or, more likely, already on his way back by the time I caught him in Greg at 8am. His office, brimming over with books and papers, has always reminded me of the offices of professors at the University of Chicago when I was a graduate student there in the 80s: piled high with print material of the kind that also conjures another era of research and scholarship.

I miss seeing Keith in the hallway and I know his friends at Espresso did too once he stopped going. Last year when he didn't see Keith on his early morning coffee run, Dan Steward in particular reached out to me to inquire about Keith's health, such a fixture was he. Keith has his routines: habits of mind and body -- he walks everywhere -- well-grooved by a lifetime of recurrent pathways from Greg to Espresso, Greg to home, Greg to the library. I suspect these well-worn tracks means he's a beacon for many on campus beyond his closest colleagues.

In his retirement I will miss the comfort of seeing Keith and knowing he is well. In fact, so great is the effect of his decision that since he stopped coming to the Espresso Royale on Daniel,, they've decided to completely shut it down! Meanwhile, here in History, the legacy of his work and his presence live on through the many gifts, scholarly and otherwise, he has given us. Thank you Keith.

Antoinette Burton, Maybelle Leland Swanlund Chair and Professor of History, University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign



Some Contributions of Keith Hitchins to Romanian Studies

Keith Hitchins was not only the outstanding American scholar of Romanian history and Romanian studies, he was arguably the world's leading expert on the "Romanian Phenomenon" anywhere. About Hitchins the gifted mentor, the talented linguist who knew over 20 languages, the robust author of works that will remain standard for a long time, and the tireless mediator of Romanian culture to academic and popular audiences around the world, you will read about elsewhere in this tribute issue. I think it would be useful here to underline some lesser known contributions of Keith Hitchins to Romanian studies in the US.

The first was his role as an academic pioneer. Keith Hitchins and Frederick Kellogg were the first American Fulbright grantees to Iron Curtain Romania in 1960-1961. Hitchins was joined in 1961-1962 by Glenn E. Torrey, Gretchen Buehler, and Bill Fell. Many others soon followed, and, as Torrey emphasized, all benefited from the advice, counsel, and contacts that Keith provided. He spent his first year in București at the Institute of History. He was indebted to Andrei Oțetea, the director, for constant support and often times off the record assistance. Oțetea forcefully argued with archival and library personnel that these young American scholars had to have access, otherwise, how could they make credible contributions to the knowledge of Romania culture and history abroad? He also met Petru Comarnescu, the noted art and literary scholar, who gave Keith and Torrey much useful advice about Romanian society, culture, and intellectual circles as well as about how to navigate the Romanian milieu.

Keith spent his second year, 1961-1962, in Cluj, which was the natural habitat of his research interests. It was there that he began a lifelong friendship with Pompiliu Teodor, then working at the manuscript section of the Romanian Academy Library, whose interests in the 18th century coincided nearly perfectly with his. Pompiliu had an encyclopedic knowledge of the works and manuscripts of the giants of the Transylvanian School, which he unstintingly shared with Keith. They also shared the inevitable daily cups of strong fresh-brewed coffee.

In Cluj, Keith developed close relationships with Mihail Triteanu, Director of the Library of the Romanian Academy there, who not only provided generous support, but also cooked breakfast every morning for Keith at the Library; with Romania's most prominent specialist on the 18th century, David Prodan, who though a lifelong Marxist, was usually on ill terms with the Communist nomenclatura, and a genuine scholar whose multi-disciplinary approach to the past Hitchins admired and emulated. Teodor and Prodan, Keith later wrote, "aided me perhaps more then they realize in our discussions of the history of the Rumanians of Transylvania." Others over the years included István Semlyén, Deputy Director at the Academy Library, who facilitated his "work in a variety of ways"; Ştefan Pascu, who made possible access to valuable materials; Sofron Vlad, Director of the Romanian Orthodox Theological Institute in Sibiu, who gave Keith "his support when it was badly needed"; and Protopop Ioan N. Beju, Director of the same Institute's Library to whom Keith had "Above all...a special debt...for his never-failing professional and moral support."

The longterm spinoff of this was that Keith set the tone for those who were to follow and opened the way for future generations of American scholars. He continued over the decades to widen these shared contacts. Glenn Torrey warmly recalls Keith as a mentor who was not only generous with his contacts and books, but also as a lifelong friend and collaborator.

The second contribution of Keith Hitchins to Romanian studies was that of the bookman. He was aided in this by contact with the fabled Romanian book dealer, Radu Sterescu, who could generally produce copies of any book on very short notice; and with Comarnescu, who lent him or gave him rare books and made useful bibliographical suggestions. Sterescu became the builder of libraries for countless subsequent American scholars. He was allowed to carry on his more or less illegal trade because Ştefan Andrei, sometime Minister of Foreign Affairs under Ceauşescu and a collector of Romanian first editions, shielded him. Comarnescu was later shown by the CNSAS Archives to have been an agent of the Securitate assigned to keep an eye on these suspect Americans, but his detailed reports, Torrey notes, were generally positive about his supposed targets and Hitchins comes off pretty savvy in them. Keith also made prodigious book acquisitions in Cluj at the Academy Library, at the Institute of History (which had a whole basement full of pre-1948 books and journals that they were most generous in sharing with serious scholars), and at various and sundry anticariats. Mihail Triteanu, I was told, facilitated the shipping of these books back to the US by deliberately ignoring the usual red-tape. Most of the University of Illinois' superb Romanian collection was acquired by Keith over the years, another scholarly boon. Also of legendary proportions was Keith's own library, which expanded to such an extent that he converted his garage into a library and for other shelving simply got rid of all the furniture in his house except the kitchen.

Lastly, Keith Hitchins' role as a founding board member (1973-1978) of the Society for Romanian Studies deserves a brief mention. Keith was not fond of meetings and conventions, but he was prevailed upon by Jim Augerot, Michael Impey, Glenn Torrey, and Barbara Jelavich to help give the SRS a good start. I once asked him why he didn't come to more conferences and he candidly but politely replied that going to a conference involved losing at least five days en route and with the meeting itself, all for minimal benefit. In contrast, if he stayed at home, he could get a good deal more work done on his myriad projects. Who can deny the wisdom in that? Dumnezeu sa vă odihnească în pace. There won't be any more like Keith.

Paul E. Michelson, Distinguished Professor of History Emeritus, Huntington University



I met him in New Delhi, on my first visit to India, in 2007. We were attending an international conference dedicated to Mircea Eliade, organized by Jawaharlal Nehru University New Delhi, in collaboration with Romanian Embassy in India. When the conference ended, we all visited Fatekpur Sikri and the Taj Mahal. On the bus to Taj Mahal, he stood behind me, and often smiled, listening to our small gossip. He knew Romanian very well! We shared the chocolate together and we were amazed by the beauties we saw. He had extensive knowledge on Indian culture. After India, we remained in touch. He came to Cluj-Napoca several times and we've met every time. He liked to linger over coffee and find out what I was working on. He always asked me if he could help me. And he helped me repeatedly. On another visit we went to Agape canteen and had lunch together: chicken schnitzel with potatoes and cabbage salad. He told me that as a child he ate something like that very often. He liked fruits. On one occasion, I waited for him, at the hotel, with fruits (apples, pears, apricots), and he was happy as a child!

He was a simple man, warm and interested in everything. He was an amazing intellectual, totally involved in the work he did. He was a man who loved, with passion, Romania, our language and history. I was fortunate to have him as a member in the scientific board of the *International Journal on Humanistic Ideology*, which I edited until last year, and in 2009 he even wrote an excellent column on Ilinca Zarifopol-Johnston's book, *Searching for Cioran*.

I consider myself extraordinarily lucky to have met Professor Keith Hitchins, a good man I will always remember fondly! May he rest in peace!

Dr. Mihaela Gligor, "George Baritiu" History Institute of The Romanian Academy, Cluj-Napoca.



Filip-Lucian Iorga (from ICR Bucharest), Mihaela Gligor, Keith Hitchins and Santosh Kr. Singh.



A story always comes up when I am talking about Keith Hitchins—and this story works whether I am fondly remembering him with fellow students from the University of Illinois, or describing him to those who had yet to meet him. To me it sums him up.

It was late spring at the end of my first year in graduate school in Champaign-Urbana in 2007. At the time, I was unsure if I wanted to continue in the program—I had gone to talk to him about applying for a program studying Mongolian in Ulan Bator (no surprise, he was very much in favor). The idea was that I would use the summer to think through my future. As the conversation was ending, I mentioned that I would be spending some time over the summer visiting my bother in China. Keith leaned forward and asked: "do you know that I do some work on the Uighur people?" Some work...

At the time, I did not know who the Uighurs were, but I pretended I did. He continued: "Do you think that you might be able to visit some bookstores for me while you are in China? I would really appreciate it if you could look for some books on Uighur history for me." At the time I (foolishly) expressed surprise at the fact that he worked in the Uighur language, and I assured him that I would be happy to look for books for him.

The next day, I received a 10 page, closely-typed list of books that he hoped I might be able to find. Amazingly they were typed on a Chinese language typewriter—somewhere among the tens of thousands of books that served as, among other things, furniture and wallpaper in his office and home, he had a Chinese language typewriter! I expressed admiration, he expressed thanks, and as I left, he asked: "if you find it, could you please bring me back a Chinese-Uighur Dictionary."

"You speak Chinese?"
"I can get around."

Those who know Keith laugh, and point out that he began his day, every day, at Espresso Royale studying a new language. Those that don't use this story as a way to begin to understand Keith as a scholar of staggering breadth.

I am, of course, amazed by the Keith's contributions to the historiography of Romania and Southeastern Europe. On the occasion of his 75th birthday Marcel Popa edited a bibliography of his scholarly work: it runs 86 pages. He was a giant in the field, and will be terribly missed.

I am equally impressed by the scope of his curiosity and depth of his knowledge. Uighurs and Kurds. He spoke of fluency in "language groups" rather than languages. He encouraged me to study Mongolian while researching socialism in Bulgaria.

I am most impressed by the care and attention he paid to his graduate students—the care and attention that he paid to me—as he prepared the next generation of historians of the Balkans. As far as I know, he gave each of his students a copy of each of his publications as they came out. Each was inscribed "with all best wishes for future success in the study of Southeastern European history." I can't believe that I won't receive another one...

I've spent much of the last couple of weeks writing to friends and colleagues who knew and loved Keith—and, as the trite saying goes, to know Keith was to love him. It is not trite in Keith's case: no one denies this truth. He was the embodiment of who I want to be as a scholar and a person: kind, curious, and incredibly funny. The academy will miss his work—so will I. More importantly, I will miss his warmth.

Cristofer Scarboro, Professor of History, King's College



I have countless stories that neatly illustrate, nearly twenty years after enrolling in one of his undergraduate courses, Keith Hitchins's continued impact on my professional life. For example, there's the anecdote about the first day of his class when he described the geography of the Balkan Peninsula, while drawing his own map on the board. I often evoked this scene when, pre-pandemic, the conversation turned to technology in the classroom. Telling it, I'd insist, the most memorable moments tend to be rather low tech. Then there's the thought experiment he conducted at 8:00 am with a group of bleary-eyed students, asking them to imagine traveling back to the early nineteenth century to interrogate a peasant in the Carpathian Mountains. If we questioned our unsuspecting subject about his identity, he would tell us about his family, his religion, his village, maybe his region. Hitchins assured us, however, he wouldn't have the faintest inkling that he might belong to something called a nation. Not only have I unabashedly cribbed that exercise in my teaching, but it has also profoundly shaped my research interests up to the present.

While Hitchins appears to be the protagonist of these sketches—the first came to mind when I learned about his passing—I now realize that these are really stories about me. Replaying our encounters over the years, I tried to focus on more personal memories as I attempted to pin down exactly who Keith Hitchins was. For instance, I thought about the year he joined my family for dinner on Orthodox Easter. After cracking eggs and gladly accepting a second serving of lamb, he and my grandmother, to her delight, spent a good part of the evening reminiscing about long strolls through Bucharest. On another occasion, I gave him a ride in my dad's new Buick, prompting him to let me in on how much his first car cost (long before the infamous transformation of his garage into a library) and how much of his first year's salary it ate up (he warned me not to laugh at the sums, so I won't disclose the figures here). There was how he'd tip his hat when we parted ways during the winter months. There were also descriptions of trips and encounters with people I had only read about then. Above all, I remember the lunches we shared when I'd visit family in Champaign. He always reserved a table at Timpone's. Once we were seated, the server would make their way over to us: "would you like a drink to start?" Hitchins would raise an eyebrow and extend one hand, inviting me to go first. After I ordered, without fail, he'd ask for a Sam Adams.

Yet, this mental inventory of our time together also felt unsatisfying. My memories seemed impressionistic—snippets of life. I wondered if I had failed to really get to know this man who had been so thoroughly kind to me over the years? Or, perhaps, he had not wanted me to know him as a person? That conclusion didn't sound right either. Afterall, I had accumulated a whole repertoire of his tales and commentaries on both personal and professional matters. At one point, he had even suggested I read his *Securitate* file as well as the annotations he had made in the margins, correcting the account. While private and quiet, Hitchins wasn't distant or remote either.

As I continued to sift through my recollections, hoping to piece together a fuller narrative, something struck me. Most of my Hitchins stories came back to me and my interests because over the entire course of our friendship, Hitchins made space for me. He made space for others. It was this extraordinary gift that provided me with a push down my professional path and likewise propelled me to reach out whenever I came back home. The room Hitchins created for those around him was (and is) one of the most significant and precious things someone can offer a student, a colleague, a friend. The space he generously gave over to those of us lucky enough to know or work with him may just be his greatest legacy and one worth aspiring to.

It should come as no surprise then that the last time Hitchins and I enjoyed a meal together, we discussed what he was writing and his plans for the coming year, but we mostly talked about my research and what I hoped to accomplish in the future. After the Sam Adams and the glass of red were gone, the server brought the bill to the table. No longer a student and having picked his brain about my work for two hours, I asked if I could pay. Hitchins smiled before sternly informing me, "it's my party." I think he meant it.

Alex Tipei, Assistant Professor of History and International Studies, University of Montréal



Until 2002 Keith Hitchins was for me "only" the author of some of the most beautiful and interesting history books I had ever read during my university education and then during my PhD years. In particular *The Romanians, 1774-1866* and *Rumania 1866-1947*, had been both obligatory and fascinating and enlightening readings that contributed to making me passionate about Romanian history and to better understand its fundamental junctions, the great internal and international dynamics, the complexity of the interweaving among of political, economic, social and cultural events. Even today I am still convinced that few books like those by Hitchins help the scholars to understand in its entirety the complex and controversial formation of modern and contemporary Romania. Towards the end of 2002, in a very delicate moment of my scientific and academic career, in a completely unexpected way, I received an email from Keith Hitchins, with whom I had never had any direct or indirect contact before. In simple and kind words Keith explained to me that he had received my book on the issue of Southern Dobruja and Bulgarian-Romanian relations in the interwar years, from the editorial staff of *Slavic Review*, he had read it with interest and had greatly appreciated it deciding to write a review which would be published in issue 63 (2004) of

the SR. Those simple words, coming from overseas from a sort of living monument of world historiography on Balkans, represented a small/big turning point in my professional life. His esteem for my research and the beautiful review helped to give me confidence in my work and to infuse me with new energy to pursue my studies and academic career despite all the difficulties I was facing at the time. That communication, however, was also the beginning of a friendship and a close intellectual bond that lasted until the end. In the summer of 2004 I had the opportunity to participate in the Summer Researcher Laboratory On Russia, Eastern Europe and Eurasia at the University of Illinois and on that occasion for about 20 days my meetings with Keith Hitchins at his favorite café, in his fascinating university office (incredibly full of books and publications of all kinds) were constant and thanks to his advice I was able to better focus the research I was conducting on the interwar Bessarabia and its integration into Greater Romania. For those like me who came from an academic environment, such as the Italian one, plastered and full of formalisms, being able to meet almost every day one of the most brilliant, cultured and witty Anglo-Saxon historians in an atmosphere of great familiarity was an important experience that contributed not only to clarify many aspects of my investigation but also the true and more intimate meaning of the mission of historian and researcher. After those magnificent, intense summer days our human and scientific relationship has only intensified. In the following years Keith followed the evolution of my study and read the manuscript of The Difficult Union. Bessarabia and Greater Romania 1918-1940 without ever missing precious advice and encouragement. It was a great honor for me to be able to count on his preface and it was also a great



(Venice April 2015 - Romanian Institute of Research and Humanist Culture) Keith Hitchins with Rudolf Dinu during the presentation of the Italian version of his book *A Concise History of Romania*.

satisfaction to be able to give him a copy of the Romanian translation of the volume published by Editura Cartier in Chisinau in 2018. I can say that until 2019 there was no important scientific project in which I was involved and which I did not inform and discuss with Keith and I have never lacked advice, solicitation and encouragement. I am happy to have contributed to the publication in Italian, in 2015, of his *Concise History of Romania* thanks to the co-operation of the Beit publishing house in Trieste. Again in the summer of 2007, during my new participation in the Summer Research Laboratory at the University of Illinois, together with two other Italian colleagues, I had a wonderful new opportunity to spend more precious time with Keith.

Other lunches, other cafés, other enlightening discussions on many aspects of Balkan and Romanian history, other reading tips and the awareness of having had the privilege of having made friends not only with a great historian but with a person with uncommon human traits. Just as out of the ordinary were his culture, his intellectual curiosity. Unfortunately, due to a serious personal problem I could not meet Keith in Venice, in April 2015, when thanks to the Romanian Institute of Research and Humanistic Culture, his book "Romania. History and Culture" was presented. We promised each other to meet up directly in the United States on a next occasion. However once again fate worked against us. Keith's health, which in the meantime was deteriorating, did not allow me to visit him even in January 2019 when I spent a week in Chicago to attend to the annual meeting of the American Historical Association. I returned to Italy with great regret knowing that there would probably be no other opportunity for me to meet him. Unfortunately, this was the case and in the following months the exchanges of e-mails also thinned out. If on the one hand I will always be bitter about never getting the chance to see him for the last time, that I didn't have the opportunity to have a last chat with him and to inform him about my latest research and publications, on the other hand I am also aware that I have had the privilege to share with a person of such excellent human and intellectual standing the most fruitful part of my scientific journey, proud of the all the advice and encouragement received, and above all, of the deep and generous friendship that Keith Hitchins always showed me.

Alberto Basciani, Associate Professor of Political Science, Roma Tre University



Model și mentor: Profesorul Keith Hitchins (02.04.1931-01.11.2020)

"Among the Romanians, Christianity had imbued respect for tradition and love of nation with a consciousness of moral perfection." - Religion and Identity (1986)

L-am cunoscut pe profesorul Keith Hitchins acum aproape 20 de ani. În primăvara anului 2001 venea pentru prima dată la Universitatea 1 Decembrie 1918 din Alba Iulia acceptând să devină membru onorific al comunității noastre academice prin decernarea titlului de Doctor Honoris Causas. Îmi amintesc ce uimiți am fost atunci că ne-a dăruit lucrul după care tânjeam: seria întreagă (colecția) cunoscutei reviste AHR (American Historical Review). Din acel moment am rămas în legătură. S-a întors în 6 martie 2003 la Alba Iulia ca să facă parte din comisia mea de doctorat. De atunci m-a încurajat, îndrumat, consolat cu o căldură și o prietenie imposibil de imaginat pentru mine.

M-au marcat atitudinea prietenoasă, deschisă, vocea calmă, caldă care împrăștia bucuria întâlnirii, plăcerea comunicării, respectul pentru celălalt, mai ales de opinie diferită. Profesorul Hitchins emana echilibru și *fair play* în scris și în comportament, un

emana echilibru și *fair play* în scris și în comportament, un 2003; sesiunea de discuții la doctoratul Laurei Stanciu discurs limpede, clar și simplu, foarte documentat, care reflectă răbdarea de a înțelege cum s-au petrecut evenimentele prin deslușirea documentelor, prin buchisirea cărților vechi. Textul scris sau captivanta prelegere susținută cu umor deconspira marea sa pasiune pentru lectură, pentru cărți și anticariate.

Îmi amintesc când mi-a povestit despre șocul trăit în copilărie, când bunica lui i-a arătat Biblia familiei scrisă în limba germană și el și-a dat seama că Dumnezeu nu vorbește în engleză.... S-a întâmplat să colaborăm la trei proiecte importante pentru mine. Primul a fost marcat de dispariția profesorului Pompiliu Teodor. În anul 2005 a acceptat să între în grupul de lucru al proiectului finanțat de Fundația *Pro Oriente* din Viena despre *Unirea bisericească a românilor ardeleni (1697-1761)*. După decesul prof. Teodor dialogul științific și uman între istorici și teologi, de diferite confesiuni, era blocat. Aveam nevoie de o personalitate pe care să o respectăm toți și care să ne inspire să transformăm rivalitatea în prietenie. Prof. Hitchins n-a ezitat să se înhame la greu.

Timp de 10 ani a participat la conferințe (Viena și Alba Iulia) și la elaborarea volumelor de studii unde a contribuit cu cele mai pertinente și senine articole, deblocând până și situația financiară a editării vol. 2 din 2015, pe care l-a cofinanțat. Dintre multele amintiri legate de acest proiect rememorez, de pildă, stupefacția delegației române, care a fost așteptată de prof. Hitchins în stația de tramvai într-o zi toridă a lunii iulie 2007 atunci când noi am ajuns în Viena

Din acest proiect s-a născut a doua noastră colaborare care-și propunea să ofere istoriografiei românești un instrument de lucru, un volum de documente din perioada confruntărilor interconfesionale românești de la mijlocul secolului al XVIII-lea. Cu generozitatea-i binecunoscută, în 2007, a oferit grupului de tineri istorici și teologi parte din colecția sa de microfilme strânsă din arhivele budapestane și vieneze despre mișcarea lui Visarion Sarai și Sofronie din Cioara. Am deslușit documente împreună, am

tradus și regestat. A fost un șantier amplu din care am

învățat enorm.

Îmi amintesc apoi plăcerea revederii cu ocazia unei conferințe internaționale pe istorie conceptuală organizată de Victor Neumann și Armin Heinen, la Universitatea de Vest din Timișoara (23-26 septembrie 2009). După conferință am călătorit împreună la Alba Iulia, unde în 6 octombrie 2009 am organizat lansarea cărții noastre care valorifica parte din bogata colecție de microfilme făcută de prof. Hitchins din anii '70 Despre Biserica românilor din Transilvania.² Au venit colegi istorici din toată Transilvania să-l cunoască sau să-l revadă pe profesor și să se bucure alături de noi.

Tot atunci, la sfărșitul lunii octombrie prof. Hitchins a acceptat titlul de *Doctor Honoris Causas* a Universității *Ovidius* din Constanța. Între timp a locuit la noi acasă și ne-am apropiat mai mult. Între întânirile, pe care dumnealui le avea cu diverse persoane din România, evadam ca să vizităm împrejurimile orașului Alba Iulia. Zâmbesc când rememorez cum ne-am târât (la propriu) pe sub gardul ghimpat care împrejmuia ruina castelului *Martinuzzi* (de la Vințu de Jos) ca să întrăm în incinta edificiuliu sau cum am urcat în turnul cetății țărănești de la Câlnic.



2007, Viena; Proiectul de cercetare al Unirii bisericii din Transilvania cu Biserica Romei finanțat de Fundația austriacă *Pro Oriente*; în fotografie: Johann Marte (Viena) Prof. Dr. Ernst Christoph Suttner (Viena), Prof. Dr. Viorel Ioniță (Geneva), Prof. Dr. Oleh Turiy (Lvov), conf.dr. Laura Stanciu (Alba Iulia), Prof. Dr. Paul Brusanowschi (Sibiu), Prof. Dr. Ovidiu Ghitta, Prof. Dr. Greta Monica Miron (Cluj Napoca), cu spatele Prof. Dr. Iacob Mârza (Alba Iulia), Conf. Dr. Daniel Dumitran (Alba Iulia), Prof. Dr. Mihai Săsăujan (București), Prof. Dr. Gabriel Sipos (Cluj Napoca), Prof. Dr. Ioan Mitrofan (Blaj).

Ceea ce merita filmat a fost întâmplarea petrecută în Bucerdea Vinoasă. După o zi solicitantă, am evadat din "spațiul academic" și am oprit, absolut la întâmplare, la poarta unui producător de vin. Cum nimic nu este întâmplător, în loc de fierărie am descoperit o gospădărie țărănească obișnuită, iar în loc de Iocan, am dat peste un Moromete ardelean care a fost foarte dezinvolt în a-și da cu părerea timp de câteva ore despre politica externă a SUA și despre expertiza doamnei Condoleezza Rice sorbind vin dintr-o cană de tablă în curtea casei împreună cu profesorul american.

Din 2011 a fost alături de mine într-un al treilea proiect inițiat de Academia Maghiară de Științe, care analiza rolul Bisericii catolice din Ungaria în modernizarea socială a comunităților, prin prelucrarea deciziilor sinodale, din perioada secolelor XVIII-XX.³ Iscoditor și curios descoperea mereu în documentul de arhivă acel element care-l ajuta să înțeleagă, să pătrundă resorturile întâmplării, să ne cunoască mai bine...pentru ca apoi să prezinte istoria românilor cu naturalețe și luciditate Occidentului.

Keith Hitchins a fost un mentor și un prieten care m-a inspirit cu inteligența, afecțiunea, blândețea, eleganța și generozitatea lui inconfundabile. Era de o modestie șocantă, care te copleșea.

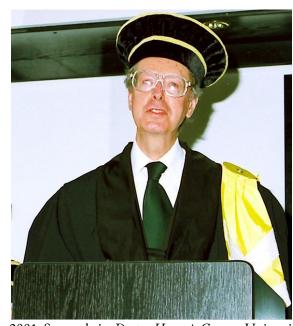
Vă mulțumesc dle Profesor pentru clipele de neuitat și pentru lumina aruncată peste mine!

Laura Stanciu, Conf. dr., Associate Professor, departamentul de Istorie, Universitatea "1Decembrie 1918" din Alba Iulia

- 1. Keith Hitchins, *Promisiunile socio-politice ale unei posibile încheieri a Unirii* (p 141-152); idem, Despre faptul că în conformitate cu ordinea socială a stateloreuropene, de la sfârșitul secolului al XVII-lea, exista o strânsă colaborare între apartenența / non-apartenența religioasă a supușilor la religia conducătorilor lor politici și drepturile civile de care se bucurau aceștia (p.153-165);idem, Cele trei puncte în care decizia de Unire a fost respinsă de la bun început și informațiile noastre asupra altor disensiuni referitoare la deciziile Unirii din anii 1697-1701, care au existat deja de pe vremea lui Atanasie (p. 307-319), în *Die Union der Rumänen Siebenbürgens mit der Kirche von Rom/Unirea românilor transilvăneni cu Biserica Romei*, Vol. I. București, Editura Enciclopedică, 2010. Keith Hitchins, Pavle Nenadović (p. 436-447); idem, *Curtea de la Viena și cele două Biserici Românești din Transilvania, 1701-1761* (p. 528-553); idem, Biserica Ortodoxă sârbă și românii din Monarhia habsburgică până la 1761 (p.654-667), în *Die Union der Rumänen Siebenbürgens mit der Kirche von Rom/Unirea românilor transilvăneni cu Biserica Romei*. Vol. II. București, Editura Enciclopedică, 2015.
- 2. Despre Biserica românilor din Transilvania. *Documente externe (1744-1754)*, Editura Mega, Cluj-Napoca, 2009, 490 p. [Editori: Laura Stanciu, Keith Hitchins, Daniel Dumitran. Colaboratori: Ernst Christoph Suttner, Andreea Mârza, Attila Varga, Mihai Săsăujan, Cristian Barta. Rezumat în limba engleză: Keith Hitchins].
- 3. Istoria Bisericii Române Unite din Transilvania prin sinoadele sale (1782-1900). Ediție de documente/Az erdélyi görögkatolikus egyház története zsinatai tükrében (1782–1900). Dokumentumok, Selecție de documente, studiu introductiv, note și anexe: Laura Stanciu. Introducere: Gábor Adriányi. Rezumat în limba engleză: Keith Hitchins. DVD inclus, MTA Bölcsészettudományi Kutatóközpont Történettudományi Intézet 12, Budapest, 2017, 823 p.



2009, Octombrie. Universitatea "1 Decembrie 1918" din Alba Iulia; alături de cercetător principal I Dr. Remus Câmpeanu (Cluj Napoca), conf. dr.Daniel Dumitran și conf. dr. Laura Stanciu



2001, Septembrie, *Doctor Honoris Causas*, Universitatea "1 Decembrie 1918" din Alba Iulia



2009, Octombrie, Universitatea "1 Decembrie 1918" din Alba Iulia; alături de Laura Stanciu și Prof. Alin Mihai Gherman



2003, Comisie doctorat Laura Stanciu, Universitatea "1 Decembrie 1918" din Alba Iulia; alături de Prof. Dr. Mârza Iacob_Prof. Dr. Eva Mârza_Prof. Dr. Alexandru Zub_Prof. Dr. Nicolae Bocsa

Bibliography

1963

- Review. *Istoria Românilor*, Vol. I (București, 1960), in *Balkan Studies*, Vol. IV, No. 1 (1963), pp. 181–183.
- Review. *Documente privind istoria României. Ră scoala din 1821*, 5 vols. (București, 1959–1962), in *Balkan Studies*, Vol. IV, No. 2 (1963), pp. 429–431.

1964

- Article. "The Rumanians of Transylvania and Constitutional Experiment in the Habsburg Monarchy, 1860–1865," *Balkan Studies*, Vol. V, No. 1 (1964), pp. 89–108.
- Article. "Samuel Clain and the Rumanian Enlightenment in Transylvania," *Slavic Review*, Vol. 23, No. 4 (1964), pp. 660–675.
- Review. Hodja Husein, *Beda'i ul veka'i*, 2 vols. (Moscow, 1961), in *Balkan Studies*, Vol. V, No. 1 (1964), pp. 157–161.
- Review. Carte românească de învăță tură, 1646 (București, 1961), in Balkan Studies, Vol. V, No. 1 (1964), pp. 155–157.
- Review. Samuil Micu, *Scurtă cunoștință a istoriei românilor* (București, 1963), in *Balkan Studies*, Vol. V, No. 2 (1964), pp. 424–426.
- Review. George Călinescu, *Lauda lucrurilor* (București, 1963). in *Books Abroad*, Spring 1964, p. 225.
- Review. Teodor Stancu, *Pă durea nebună* (București, 1963), in *Books Abroad*, Autumn 1964, pp. 461–462.
- Review. Gh. Sebestyén and V. Sebestyén, *Arhitectura Renașterii în Transilvania* (București, 1963), in *Renaissance News*, Vol. 17, No. 4 (1964), pp. 336–337.

- Article. "Andrei Şaguna and the Restoration of the Rumanian Orthodox Metropolis in Transylvania, 1864–1860," *Balkan Studies*, Vol. 6, No. 1 (1965), pp. 1–20.
- Article. "The Early Career of Andreiu Şaguna (1808–1849)," *Revue des Études Roumaines* (Paris), Vol. 9–10 (1965), pp. 47–76.
- Article. "Reflections of India in Rumanian Popular Literature, 16th to 18th Centuries," *Indo-Asian Culture* (New Delhi), Vol. 14, No. 2 (1965), pp. 106–126. Also published in *Images of India. Asian Studies 2*, ed. B.G. Gokhale (Bombay, 1971), pp. 136–158.
- Article. "Nicolae Iorga și America," *Tribuna* (Cluj), Vol. 9, No. 47, Nov. 25, 1965, p. 16.
- Article. "Bölöni Farkas Sándor és De Tocqueville," *Korunk* (Cluj), Vol. 24, No. 12 (1965), pp. 1670–1671.
- Review. Mihai Beniuc, *Pe coardele timpului* (București, 1963), in *Books Abroad*, Winter 1965, p. 124.
- Review. Adrian Fochi, *Miorița* (București, 1964), in *Books Abroad*, Spring 1965, pp. 250–251.

- Review. Dumitru Micu, *Literatura română la începutul secolului XX* (Bucureşti, 1964), in *Books Abroad*, Summer 1965, p. 381.
- Review. Ion Minulescu, Versuri (Bucureşti, 1964), in Books Abroad, Autumn 1965, pp. 493–494.

- Article. "Andreiu Şaguna and the Rumanians of Transylvania during the Decade of Absolutism, 1849–1859," Südost-Forschungen (Munich), Vol. 25 (1966), pp. 120–149.
- Article. "Ottoman Domination of Moldavia and Wallachia in the Sixteenth Century," *Asian Studies 1*, ed. B.G. Gokhale (Bombay, 1966), pp. 123–141.
- Article. "Alexandru Papiu-Ilarian și Timotei Cipariu, șase scrisori," *Anuarul Institutului de Istorie din Cluj*, Vol. 9 (1966), pp. 301–311.
- Article. "Un istoric american despre Unire," Tribuna (Cluj), Vol. 10, No. 3, Jan. 20, 1966, p. 8.
- Article. "Mai amerikai költő k," Utunk (Cluj), Vol. 21, No. 10, March 11, 1966, p. 10.
- Comments on: George Barany, "The Awakening of Magyar Nationalism before 1848," *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 2 (1966), on pp. 50–52 of *AHY*, Vol. 2.
- Review. Erich Prokopowitsch, Die Rumänische Nationalbewegung in der Bukowina und der Dako-Romanismus (Graz, 1965), in Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 2 (1966), pp. 291–294.
- Review. Denis Silagi, *Ungarn* (Hannover, 1964), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 2 (1966), pp. 276–277.
- Review. Pavel Dan, Scrieri (București, 1965), in Books Abroad, Summer 1966, pp. 373-374.

- Article. "The Visit of Alexander Farkas of Bölön to Pennsylvania in 1831," *Pennsylvania History*, Vol. 34, No. 4 (1967), pp. 395–401.
- Article. "Poeți moderni americani," Tribuna (Cluj), Vol. 11, No. 27, July 6, 1967, p. 8.
- Review. Inscripțiile medievale ale României. Orașul București, Vol. 1 (București, 1965), and Cronica Ghiculeștilor: Istoria Moldovei între 1695 și 1754 (București, 1965), in American Historical Review, Vol. 72, No. 3 (April 1967), pp. 1033–1034.
- Review. *Hungarian-Jewish Studies* (New York, 1966), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 73, No. 2 (Dec. 1967), pp. 535–536.
- Review. Silviu Dragomir, *Avram Iancu* (Bucureşti, 1965), in *Balkan Studies*, Vol. 8, No. 2 (1967), pp. 516–519.
- Review. Gheorghe Şincai, Învăță tura firească spre suprarea superstiției norodului (București, 1964), in Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 3, part 3 (1967), pp. 339–342.
- Review. C. Daicoviciu and M. Constantinescu (eds.), Destră marea monarhiei austro-ungare (1900–1918) (București, 1964), in Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 3, part 3 (1967), pp. 349–353.
- Review. Zoe Dumitrescu-Buşulenga, *Ion Creangă* (București, 1966), in *Books Abroad*, Summer 1967, p. 341.
- Review. Tudor Vianu, *Postume* (București, 1966), in *Books Abroad*, Autumn 1967, pp. 500–501.

- Article. "The Russian Revolution and the Rumanian Socialist Movement, 1917–1918," *Slavic Review*, Vol. 27, No. 2 (1968), pp. 268–289.
- Article. "The Romanians of Transylvania and the Ausgleich, 1865–1869," Revue Roumaine d'Histoire (Bucharest), Vol. 7, No. 2 (1968), pp. 197–231. A Rumanian translation, "Românii din Transilvania øi Compromisul Dualist (1865–1869)," appeared in Studii. Revistă de Istorie, Vol. 21, No. 2 (1968), pp. 289–315. It appeared in English in: Der Österreichisch-Ungarische Ausgleich 1867 (Bratislava: Verlag der Slowakischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, 1971), pp. 860–896.
- Article. "Amintirea Clujului," Tribuna (Cluj), Vol. 12, No. 26, June 27, 1968, p. 5.
- Article. "Politica americană și unirea Transilvaniei cu România în 1918," *Tribuna* (Cluj), Vol. 12, No. 48, Nov. 28, 1968, p. 8.
- Review. Georgios Sphrantzes, *Memorii, 1401–1477* (București, 1966), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 73, No. 5 (June 1968), pp. 1504–1505.
- Review. Acta Musei Napocensis, Vol. 3 (Cluj, 1966), in American Historical Review, Vol. 73, No. 5 (June 1968), pp. 1571–1573.
- Review. David Prodan, *Iobă gia în Transilvania în secolul al XVI-lea*, 2 vols. (Bucureşti, 1967–1968), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 74, No. 2 (Dec. 1968), pp. 661–662.
- Review. David Prodan, Supplex Libellus Valachorum (București, 1967), in American Historical Review, Vol. 74, No. 2 (Dec. 1968), pp. 662–664.
- Review. David MacKenzie, *The Serbs and Russian Pan-Slavism 1875–1878* (Ithaca, 1967), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 17, No. 3 (1968), pp. 489–490.
- Review. Ovidiu Badina, *Cercetarea sociologică concretă : tradiții românești* (București, 1966), and Dimitrie Gusti, *Pagini alese* (București, 1965), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 17, No. 4 (1968), pp. 676–677.
- Review. Studien zur Geschichte Osteuropas. 3. Teil: Gedenkband für Heinrich Felix Schmid (Graz-Köln, 1966), in Jahrbücher für Geschichte Osteuropas, N.F., Band 16, Heft 1 (1968), pp. 119–121.
- Review. Dumitru Berciu, *Romania* (New York-Washington, 1967), in *East European Quarterly*, Vol. 2, No. 2 (1968), pp. 175–176.
- Review. Hadrian Daicoviciu, *Dacii* (București, 1965), in *Canadian Slavic Studies*, Vol. 2, No. 3 (Fall 1968), pp. 431–432.
- Review. Dan Berindei, L'Union des Principautés Roumaines (Bucarest, 1967) in Canadian Slavic Studies, Vol. 2, No. 4 (Winter 1968), pp. 593–594.
- Review. Panait Istrati, *Opere alese*, 2 vols. (București, 1966), in *Books Abroad*, Winter 1968, pp. 174–175.
- Review. Gheorghe Vrabie, *Balada populară română* (Bucureşti, 1966), in *Books Abroad*, Winter 1968, pp. 103–104.

Book. *The Rumanian National Movement in Transylvania, 1780–1849* (Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1969), 311 pp.

- Article. "Romanian Opposition to the Austro-Hungarian Compromise of 1867," *Studia et Acta Musei Nicolae Bă lcescu*, Vol. 1 (1969), pp. 133–137.
- Article. "Andreiu Şaguna and Catharine Varga, a New Document," *Revue des Études Roumaines* (Paris), Vol. 11–12 (1969), pp. 183–187.
- Article. "Romania: Legal History; Government and Politics," in Paul L. Horecky (ed.), *Southeastern Europe. A Guide to Basic Publications* (Chicago-London, 1969), pp. 362–364, 369–383.
- Article. (With Lajos Jordáky). "The History of the Habsburg Monarchy (1789–1918) in Romanian Historiography since 1945," *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 4–5 (1968–1969), pp. 304–334.
- Review. Acta Musei Napocensis, Vol. 5 (Cluj, 1968), in American Historical Review, Vol. 75, No. 2 (Dec. 1969), pp. 541–542.
- Review. V. Mihordea, *Relațiile agrare din secolul al XVIII-lea în Moldova* (București, 1968), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 75, No. 1 (Oct. 1969), pp. 162–163.
- Review. Péter Hanák (ed.), *Die Nationale Frage in der Österreichisch-Ungarischen Monarchie* 1900–1918 (Budapest, 1966), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 4–5 (1968–1969), pp. 487–491.
- Review. Constantin Daicoviciu, et al., La formation du peuple roumain et de sa langue (Bucarest, 1963), in Canadian Slavic Studies, Vol. 3, No. 1 (Spring 1969), pp. 147–148.
- Review. Cornelia Bodea, *Lupta românilor pentru unitatea naflională*, 1834–1849 (București, 1967), in *Canadian Slavic Studies*, Vol. 3, No. 3 (Autumn 1969), pp. 600–601.
- Review. Ioan Bogdan, *Scrieri alese* (Bucureşti, 1968), in *Canadian Slavic Studies*, Vol. 3, No. 4 (Winter 1969), pp. 770–771.
- Review. *Istoria literaturii române*, Vol., 2 (București, 1968), in *Books Abroad*, Summer 1969, pp. 404–405.

- Book. Studii privind istoria modernæ a Transilvaniei (Cluj: Editura Dacia, 1970), 163 pp.
- Book. (With Liviu Maior). Corespondența lui Ioan Rațiu cu George Barițiu 1861–1892 (Cluj: Editura Dacia, 1970), 254 pp.
- Book edited. Rumanian Studies. An International Annual of the Humanities and Social Sciences, Vol. 1 (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1970), 225 pp.
 - Article. "The Rumanians of Transylvania and the European Congress of Nationalities," *Slavonic and East European Review*, Vol. 48, No. 112 (1970), pp. 388–402.
- Review. Stephen Fischer-Galati, *The New Romania: From People's Democracy to Socialist Republic* (Cambridge, Mass., 1967), in *Journal of Modern History*, Vol. 42, No. 3 (1970), pp. 468–469.
- Review. Cristian Popișteanu, *România și Antanta Balcanică* (București, 1968), in *Canadian Slavic Studies*, Vol. 4, No. 1 (Spring 1970), pp. 133–134.

1971

Book. Studien zur modernen Geschichte Transilvaniens (Cluj: Editura Dacia, 1971), 158 pp. (Translation of Rumanian-language edition which appeared in 1970).

- Article. "The Rumanian Socialists and the Hungarian Soviet Republic," in Andrew C. Janos and William B. Slottman (eds.), *Revolution in Perspective. Essays on the Hungarian Soviet Republic* (Berkeley: University of California Press, 1971), pp. 109–144.
- Review. I.D. Suciu, *Revoluția de la 1848–1849 în Banat* (București, 1968), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 766, No. 3 (June 1971), p. 801.
- Review. Constantin C. Giurescu, *Istoricul podgoriei Odobeştilor din cele mai vechi timpuri până la* 1918 (Bucureşti, 1969), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 76, No. 4 (Oct. 1971), pp. 1186–1187.
- Review. George Marica, et al., Ideologie generației române de la 1848 din Transilvania (București, 1968), in Slavic Review. Vol. 30, No. 1 (1971), pp. 185–187.
- Review. Stephen Fischer-Galati, *Twentieth Century Rumania* (New York-London, 1970), in *Slavic Review.* Vol. 30, No. 1 (1971), pp. 187–188.
- Review. Alexandru Duţu, Coordonate ale culturii româneşti în secolul XVIII (Bucureşti, 1968), in Slavic Review. Vol. 30, No. 2 (1971), pp. 417–418.
- Review. Z. Ornea, Să mă nă torismul (București, 1970), in Slavic Review. Vol. 30, No. 4 (1971), pp. 925.
- Review. Ştefan Olteanu and Constantin Şerban, Meşteşugurile din Ţara Românească şi Moldova în evul mediu (Bucuresti, 1969), in Slavonic and East European Review, Vol. 49, No. 114 (1971), pp. 147–149.
- Review. Gheorghe Cronţ, *Instituţii medievale româneşti. Înfrăţirea de moşie. Juratorii* (Bucureşti, 1969), in *Slavonic and East European Review*, Vol. 49, No. 116 (1971), pp. 470–471.
- Review. Charles Jelavich (ed.), Language and Area Studies. East Central and Southeastern Europe (Chicago, 1969), in Slavonic and East European Journal, Vol. 15, No. 2 (1971), pp. 255–257.
- Review. Simeon Damianov, Frantsia i bulgarskata natsionalna revoliutsia (Sofia, 1968), in Canadian Slavic Studies, Vol. 5, No. 2 (1971), p. 293.

- Book. Cultura şi naţionalitate în Transilvania (Cluj, Editura Dacia, 1972), 93 pp. Book edited. Rumanian Studies, Vol. 2 (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1973), 215 pp.
- Article. "Andreiu Şaguna and Joseph Rajačić: The Romanian and Serbian Churches in the Decade of Absolutism," *Revue des Études Sud-est Européennes*, Vol. 10, No. 3 (1972), pp. 567–579.
- Article. "The Rumanian Question in Hungary: Aurel C. Popovici and The *Replică*," *Österreichische Osthefte*, Vol. 14, No. 3 (1972), pp. 282–289.
- Article. "Ioan Rațiu în Viena (1850–1854)," *Apulum* (Alba Iulia), Vol. 10 (1972), pp. 463–466.
- Article. "Avram Iancu şi revoluţia europeană din 1848," *Transilvania* (Sibiu), Vol. 1, No. 5 (Sept. 1972), pp. 19–21. An English version appeared in *Romanian Bulletin* (New York: Romanian Library, Sept. 1974), p. 5.
- Review. Acta Musei Napocensis, Vol. 7 (Cluj, 1970), in American Historical Review, Vol. 77, No. 3 (June 1972), pp. 806–807.
- Review. Pompiliu Teodor, *Evoluţia gândirii istorice româneşti* (Cluj, 1970), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 31, No. 2 (1972), pp. 486–487.
- Review. Cornel Irimie and Marcela Focşa, Romanian Icons Painted on Glass (New York, 1970), in

- *Slavic Review*, Vol. 31, No. 2 (1972), pp. 489–490.
- Review. Ştefan Pascu, *Marea Adunare Naţională de la Alba Iulia* (Cluj, 1968), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 8 (1972), pp. 330–332.

- Article. "An Eighteenth Century Elite: The Rumanian Uniate Clergy," in F.C. Jaher (ed.), *The Rich, the Wellborn, and the Powerful* (Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1973), pp. 139–153.
- Article. "An English Reaction to the Rumanian National Movement in 1894," *Apulum*, Vol. 11 (1973), pp. 503–507.
- Review. Milan Krajčovič, *Slovenská politika v Strednej Európe, 1890–1901* (Bratislava, 1971), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 32, No. 1 (1973), pp. 193–194.
- Review. Dumitru Ghişe and Pompiliu Teodor, *Fragmentarium Iluminist* (Cluj, 1972), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 32, No. 3 (1973), pp. 648–649.
- Review. Paul Bö dy, *Joseph Eötvös and the Modernization of Hungary, 1840–1870* (Philadelphia, 1972), in *Journal of Modern History*, Vol. 45, No. 2 (1973), pp. 330–331.
- Review. V. Mihordea, *Maîtres du sol et paysans dans les Principautés Roumaines au XVIIIe siècle* (Bucarest, 1972), in *Slavonic and East European Review*, Vol. 51, No. 122 (1973), pp. 134–136.
- Review. Vlad Georgescu, *Ideile politice și iluminismul în principatele române, 1750–1831* (București, 1972), in *American Historical Review,* Vol. 78, No. 5 (Dec. 1973), pp. 1495–1496.

- Book. The Nationality Problem in Austria-Hungary. Alexander Vaida's Reports to Francis Ferdinand's Chancellery. (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1974), 188 pp.
- Article (With Ioan N. Beju). "Documente privitoare la trecutul Bisericii Ortodoxe Române din Transilvania după 1761," *Mitropolia Ardealului*, Vol. 19, No. 1–3 (Jan.-Mar., 1974), pp. 13–46.
- Review. L. Boicu and Al. Zub (eds.), *A.D. Xenopol: Studii privitoare la viața și opera sa* (Bucharest, 1972), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 79, No. 3 (June, 1974), pp. 813–814.
- Review. Adolf Armbruster, *Romanitatea Românilor: Istoria unei idei* (Bucharest, 1972), in *Journal of Modern History*, Vol. 46, No. 2 (June, 1974), pp. 368–369.
- Review. Ştefan Ştefănescu and Olimpia Diaconescu (eds.), *Documenta Romaniae Historica*, Series B: Ţara Românească, Vol. 2 (1501–1525), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 33, No. 4 (Dec., 1974), p. 811.
- Review. David Prodan, Supplex Libellus Valachorum (Bucharest, 1971), in Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 9–10 (1973–74), pp. 416–417.
- Review. Gábor G. Kemény, *Iratok a nemzetiségi kérdés történetéhez Magyarországon a dualizmus korában*, Vol. 5 (1906–13) (Budapest, 1971), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 9–10 (1973–74), pp. 464–467.
- Review. Emil Petrovici and Ludovic Demény, *Evangheliarul slavo-român de la Sibiu 1551–1553* (București, 1971), in *Southeastern Europe*, Vol. 1, part 2 (1974), pp. 214–215.

- Article. "The Sacred Cult of Nationality: Rumanian Intellectuals and the Church in Transylvania, 1834–1869," in *Intellectual and Social Developments in the Habsburg Empire from Maria Theresa to World War I*, S.B. Winters and J. Held (eds.) (Boulder: East European Quarterly, 1975), pp. 131–160.
- Article. "The Romanian Orthodox Church and the State," in Bohdan R. Bociurkiw and John W. Strong (eds.), *Religion and Atheism in the U.R.S.S. and Eastern Europe* (London: Macmillan, 1975), pp. 314–327.
- Review. Dan Berindei, *L'année revolutionnaire 1821 dans les Pays roumains* (Bucarest, 1973), in *Journal of Modern History*, Vol. 47, No. 1 (March, 1975), pp. 171–172.
- Review. Philip G. Eidelberg, *The Great Rumanian Peasant Revolt of 1907* (Leiden, 1974), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 80, No. 4 (Oct., 1975), pp. 1007–1008.
- Review. Lucian Boia, *Eugen Brote (1850–1912)* (Bucureşti, 1974), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 34, No. 2 (June, 1975), pp. 422–423.
- Review. *Hungarian History and Literature*. Widener Library Shelf List, 44 (Cambridge, Mass., 1974), in *Slavic and East European Journal*, Vol. 19, No. 3 (1975), p. 351.
- Review. Leonid Boicu, Austria și Principatele Române în vremea Ră zboiului Crimeii (1853–1856) (București, 1972), in Slavonic and East European Review, Vol. 53, No. 132 (July, 1975), pp. 441–442.
- Review. Charles Gati (ed.), *The Politics of Modernization in Eastern Europe: Testing the Soviet Model* (New York, 1974), in *Union College*, Vol. 66, No. 3 (Mar.-Apr., 1975), p. 24.

- Book edited. Rumanian Studies, Vol. 3 (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1976), 221 pp.
- Article. "Austria-Hungary, Rumania and the Memorandum, 1894," *Rumanian Studies*, Vol. 3 (1976), pp. 108–148.
- Article. "Rumanian Socialists and the Nationality Problem in Hungary, 1903–18," *Slavic Review*, Vol. 35, No. 1 (1976), pp. 69–90.
- Article. (With Lucian Boia). "Nicolae Iorga and the American Revolution," *Southeastern Europe*, Vol. 3, No. 2 (1976), pp. 257–262.
- Articles. "Romania" in the Library of the University of California at Los Angeles, the University of Illinois Library, and the Library of Congress, in Paul L. Horecky (ed.), East Central and Southeastern Europe: A Handbook of Library and Archival Resources in North America (Santa Barbara, Cal., 1976), pp. 19–22, 192–196, 265–270.
- Review. I. I. Meshcheriuk, Sotsialno-ekonomicheskoe razvitie bolgarskikh i gaguazskikh sel v iuzhnoi Bessarabii (1808–1856 gg.) (Kishinev, 1970), in American Historical Review, Vol. 81, No. 2 (April 1976), pp. 418–419.
- Review. Răzvan Thedorescu, *Bizanţ, Balcani, Occident la începuturile culturii medievale româneşti* (Bucureşti, 1974), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 81, No. 5 (Dec. 1976), pp. 1162–1163.
- Review. Robert A. Kann, *A History of the Habsburg Empire*, 1562–1918 (Berkeley, 1974), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 35, No. 1 (1976), pp. 157–158.

- Review. Constantin C. Giurescu and Dinu C. Giurescu, *Istoria Românilor*, Vol. 1 (Bucureøti, 1974), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 35, No. 2 (1976), pp. 377–379.
- Review. *Studii şi materiale de istorie medie*, Vol. 7 (Bucureşti, 1974), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 35, No. 4 (1976), pp. 766–767.
- Review. G. Zane, *L'industrie roumaine au cours de la seconde moitié du XIXe siècle* (Bucarest, 1973), in *Slavonic and East European Review*, Vol. 54, No. 1 (Jan. 1976), pp. 125–126.
- Review. Matei D. Vlad, Colonizarea rurală în Țara Românească și Moldova (secolele XV-XVIII) (București, 1973), in Slavonic and East European Review, Vol. 54, No. 1 (Jan. 1976), pp. 149–150.
- Necrology. "Lajos Jordáky," Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 11 (1975), pp. 377–379. 1977
- Book. Orthodoxy and Nationality: Andreiu Ş aguna and the Rumanians of Transylvania, 1846–1873 (Cambridge, Mass., Harvard University Press, 1977), 332 pp.
- Book edited. Studies in East European Social History, Vol. 1 (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1977), 191 pp.
- Article. (With Ioan N. Beju). "Statistica românilor ortodocși din Transilvania din anul 1766," Mitropolia Ardealului, Vol. 22, No. 7–9 (July-Sept. 1977), pp. 505–551.
- Review. Lucian Boia, *Evoluția istoriografiei române* (București, 1976), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 82, No. 3 (June 1977), pp. 685–686.
- Review. Symposium l'époque phanariote (Thessaloniki, 1974), in Slavic Review, Vol. 36, No. 1 (1977), p. 149.
- Review. Peter Brock, *The Slovak National Awakening* (Toronto-Buffalo, 1976), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 36, No. 2 (1977), pp. 336–337.
- Review. Ştefan Olteanu, Les pays roumains à l'époque de Michel le Brave (L'Union de 1600) (Bucarest, 1975), in Journal of Modern History, Vol. 49, No. 2 (1977), pp. 339–341.
- Review. E. Völkl, *Das rumänische Fürstentum Moldau und die Ostslaven im 15. bis 17. Jahrhundert* (Wiesbaden, 1975), in *Slavonic and East European Review*, Vol. 55, No. 1 (1977), p. 111.
- Review. Zsolt Trócsányi, *Erdélyi Kormányhátosági Levéltárak* (Budapest, 1973), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 12–14 (1976–1977), pp. 526–527.
- Review. Nikola Gavrilović, *Istorija ćirilskih štamparija u habzburškoj monarhiji u XVIII veki* (Novi Sad, 1974), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 12–13 (1976–1977), pp. 533–534.
- Review. János Kende, *A Magyarországi Szociáldemokrata Párt nemzetiségi politikája 1903–1919* (Budapest, 1973), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 12–13 (1976–1977), pp. 582–584.
- Review. Endre Arató, *A feudá lis nemzetiségtól a polgári nemzetig* (Budapest, 1975), in *East Central Europe*, Vol. 4, Fascicle 2 (1977), pp. 226–227.
- Review. Krista Zach, Orthodoxe Kirche und rumänisches Volksbewusstsein im 15. bis 18. Jahrhundert (Wiesbaden, 1977), in Southeastern Europe, Vol. 4, Part 1 (1977), pp. 103–104.

- Article. "Gândirea: Nationalism in a Spiritual Guise," in Kenneth Jowitt (ed.), Social Change in Romania, 1860–1940 (Berkeley: University of California, Institute of International Studies, 1978), pp. 140–173.
- Article. "Andrei Şaguna, Întemeietorul Telegrafului Român," *Telegraful Român* (Sibiu), Year 126,

- No. 1–4 (Jan. 1 and 15, 1978), p. 3.
- Review. Judit Kubinszky, *Politikai antiszemitizmus Magyarországon, 1875–1890* (Budapest, 1976), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 37, No. 3 (1978), pp. 528–529.
- Review. Philip G. Eidelberg, *The Great Rumanian Peasant Revolt of 1907* (Leiden, 1974), and Daniel Chirot, *Social Change in a Peripheral Society* (New York, 1976), in *Journal of Social History*, Vol. 11, No. 4 (Summer 1978), pp. 596–599.
- Review. Andrei Oțetea, *Pă trundera comerțului românesc în circuitul internațional (în perioada de trecere de la feudalism la capitalism)* (București, 1977), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 83, No. 4 (Oct. 1978), pp. 1058–1059.
- Review. Lucian Boia, *Relationships between Romanians, Czechs and Slovaks, 1848–1918* (Bucharest, 1977), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 83, No. 5 (Dec. 1978), pp. 1293–1294.
- Necrology. "Andrei Oţetea, 1894–1977," Slavic Review, Vol. 37, No. 1 (1978), pp. 184–185.

- Book edited. Rumanian Studies, Vol. 4 (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1979), 222 pp.
- Article. "Austria-Hungary, Rumania, and the Nationality Problem in Transylvania, 1894–1897," *Rumanian Studies*, Vol. 4 (1979), pp. 75–126.
- Article. "Religion and Rumanian National Consciousness in Eighteenth-Century Transylvania," *Slavonic and East European Review*, Vol. 57, No. 2 (April 1979), pp. 214–239.
- Article. "Woodrow Wilson and the Union of Transylvania with Rumania, 1917–1918," *Revue Roumaine d'Historire*, Vol. 18, No. 4 (1979), pp. 803–810.
- Review. Paul Robert Magocsi, *The Shaping of a National Identity: Subcarpathian Rus'*, 1848–1918 (Cambridge, Mass., 1978), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 84, No. 2 (April 1979), p. 510.
- Review. György Szabad, *Hungarian Political Trends between the Revolution and the Compromise* (1849–1867) (Budapest, 1977), in *Historische Zeitschrift*, Vol. 228, No. 2 (April 1979), pp. 461–462.
- Review. L. Gaál and P. Gunst, Animal Husbandry in Hungary in the 19th–20th Centuries (Budapest, 1977), in Historische Zeitschrift, Vol. 228, No. 2 (April 1979), pp. 463–464.
- Review. Jozef Hrozienčik (ed.) Š túdie z dejín svetovej slavistiky do polovice 19. storočia (Bratislava, 1978), in Slavic Review, Vol. 38, No. 4 (Dec. 1979), pp. 703–704.

- Article. "Die Rumänen," in Adam Wandruszka and Peter Urbanitsch (eds.), *Die Habsburgermonarchie 1848–1918*, III: *Die Völker des Reiches* (Vienna: Verlag der Österreichischen Akademie der Wissenschaften, 1980, pp. 586–625.
- Article. "Samuel Clain and the Romanian Enlightenment in Transylvania," in Pompiliu Teodor (ed.), *Enlightenment and Romanian Society* (Reprint of an article that appeared in the *Slavic Review* in 1964).
- Review. Zina Markova, *Bulgarskoto tsurkovno-natsionalno dvizhenie do Krimskata Voina* (Sofia, 1976), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 39, No. 1 (March 1980), pp. 152–153.
- Review. Mircea Muşat and Ion Ardeleanu, La vie politique en Roumanie, 1918-1921 (Bucarest,

- 1978), in Slavonic and East European Review, Vol. 58, No. 3 (July 1980), pp. 458-459.
- Review. H. I. Hæsænov, Azærbaíjanda fælsæfi væ ijtimai-siíasi fikir (1910-ju il mart-1917-ji illær) (Baku, 1977), in Russian History, Vol. 7, No. 3–4 (1980), pp. 384–385.
- Review. Ivan Volgyes (ed.), *The Peasantry of Eastern Europe*, Vol. 1, *Roots of Rural Transformation* (New York, 1979), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 39, No. 3 (September 1980), pp. 514–515.
- Review. Dimitrie Cantemir, *Sistemul sau întocmirea religiei muhammedane* (Bucuresti, 1977), in *Middle Eastern Studies*, Vol. 6, No. 3 (October 1980), pp. 271–272.
- Review. Istvan Deak, *The Lawful Revolution. Louis Kossuth and the Hungarians, 1848–1849* (New York, 1979), in *Historische Zeitschrift*, Vol. 231, No. 2 (October 1980), pp. 471–472.
- Review. Vasile Neamţu, La technique de la production céréalière en Valachie et en Moldavie jusqu'au XVIIIe siècle (Bucarest, 1975) and Ilie Corfus, L'agriculture en Valachie depuis la Révolution de 1848 jusqu'à la Réforme de 1864 (Bucarest, 1976), in Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. XV–XVI (1979–1980), pp. 394–395.
- Review. Jan Kozik. *Ukrainski ruch narodowy w Galicji w latach 1830–1848* (Krakow, 1973), and Jan Kozik, *Między reakcją a rewolucją*. *Studia z dziejów ukrainskiego ruchu narodowego w Galicji w latach 1848–1849* (Warsaw, 1975), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. XV–XVI (1979–1980), pp. 409–411.

- Book. Hungarica 1961–1974. Literaturbericht über Neuerscheinungen zur Geschichte Ungarns von den Arpaden bis 1970. Historische Zeitschrift, Sonderheft 9. Munich: Oldenbourg Verlag, 1981, 144 pp.
- Book edited. Studies in East European Social History, Vol. II (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1981), 189 pp.
- Article. "The Nationality Problem in Hungary: István Tisza and the Rumanian National Party, 1910–1914," *Journal of Modern History*, Vol. 53, No. 4 (Dec., 1981), pp. 619–651.
- Article. "Azerbaijani Literature," in Leonard S. Klein, ed., *Encyclopedia of World Literature in the 20th Century*, 2nd rev. ed., Vol. I (New York: Frederick Ungar, 1981), pp. 165–167.
- Article. "Lucian Blaga," *Ibid.*, pp. 275—276.
- Article. "George Călinescu," Ibid., pp. 381-382.
- Review. G. Zaharia and L. Vajda (eds.), *The Anti-Fascist Resistance in the North-East of Transylvania (September 1940-October 1944)* (Cluj, 1981) (January 1981), pp. 129–130.
- Review. Selami Pulaha (ed.), *Qëndresa e popullit shqiptar kundër sundimit osman nga shek. XVI deri në fillim të shek. XVIII* (Tirana, 1978), and Petrika Thëngjilli (ed.), *Kryengritjet popullore në vitet 30 të shek. XIX. Dokumente osmane* (Tirana, 1978), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 40, No. 1 (Spring 1981), p. 144.
- Review. Gyula Juhász, *Hungarian Foreign Policy, 1919–1945* (Budapest, 1979), in *Historische Zeitschrift*, Vol. 232, No. 2 (April 1981), pp. 482–483.
- Review. R.J.W. Evans, *The Making of the Habsburg Monarchy, 1550–1700* (New York, 1979), in *Slavic Review,* Vol. 40, No. 2 (Summer 1981), pp. 303–304.
- Review. N. Todorov, *Balkanskii gorod XV–XIX vekov* (Moscow, 1976), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 40, No. 2 (Summer 1981), pp. 311–312.

- Review. Iván T. Berend and György Ránki, *Underdevelopment and Economic Growth: Studies in Hungarian Economic and Social History* (Budapest, 1979), in *Historische Zeitschrift*, Vol. 232, No. 3 (June 1981), pp. 639–640.
- Review. Jan Tibenský, *Dejiny vedy a techniky na Slovensku* (Martin, 1979), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 40, No. 3 (Fall 1981), pp. 493–494.
- Review. Fikret Adanir, *Die makedonische Frage; Ihre Entstehung und Entwicklung bis 1908* (Wiesbaden 1979), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 40, No. 3 (Fall 1981), pp. 496–497.
- Article. "Ioan Rațiu and the Memorandum Trial: New Sources," *Apulum*, Vol. 19 (1981), pp. 335–347.
- Article. "Şaguna, Andrei," in *Biographisches Lexikon zur Geschichte Südosteuropas*, Vol. 4 (München, 1981), pp. 73–74.
 - Review. A.B. Seidzade, *Iz istorii azerbaidzhanskoi burzhuazii v nachale XX vek* (Baku, 1978), in *Russian History*, Vol. 8, No. 3 (1981), pp. 424–425.
- Review. I. Antelava, XVIII saukunis sak'art'velos soc'ialur-ekonomiuri ganvit' arebis zasiat'is sakit'xasiat'vis (Tbilisi, 1977), in Russian History, Vol. 8, No. 3 (1981), pp. 419–420.
- Review. Etudes Historiques Hongroises 1980, 2 vols. (Budapest, 1980), in Slavic Review, Vol. 40, No. 4 (1981), p. 671.
- Necrology. "Robert Lee Wolff, 1915–1980," Slavic Review, Vol. 40, No. 2 (Summer 1981), p. 336.

- Article. "International Aspects of the Rumanian National Movement in Hungary, 1867–1895," in Ralph Melville and Hans-Jürgen Schröder (eds.), *Der Berliner Kongress von 1878* (Wiesbaden: Franz Steiner Verlag, 1982), pp. 411–425.
 - Article. "Kurdish Literature," *Encyclopedia of World Literature in the 20th Century,* 2nd rev. ed., Vol. 2 (New York: Frederick Ungar, 1982), pp. 627–629.
- Article. "Epic, Kazakh," *Modern Encyclopedia of Russian and Soviet Literature*, Vol. 6 (Gulf Breeze, Fla.: Academic International Press, 1982), pp. 238–245.
- Review. George Em. Marica, Studii de istoria și sociologia culturii române ardelene din secolul al XIX-lea, Vol. 3 (Cluj-Napoca, 1980), in American Historical Review, Vol. 87, No. 2 (April 1982), pp. 495–496.
- Review. Bruce McGowan, Economic Life in Ottoman Europe: Taxation, Trade, and the Struggle for Land, 1600–1800 (Cambridge and Paris, 1981), in Slavic Review, Vol. 41/4 (1982), pp. 734–735.
- Review. Darejan Megreladze, *Glexobis klasobrivi brdzola p'eodalur sak'art'velo]i* (Tbilisi, 1979), in *Russian History*, Vol. 9, No. 2 (1982), pp. 401–402.
- Review. Ernst Wagner. Historisch-statischen Ortsnamenbuch für Siebenbürgen (Vienna, 1977), in Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 17–18 (1981–1982), pp. 567–568.
- Review. Ludwig Binder, Grundlagen und Formen der Toleranz in Siebenbürgen bis zur Mitte des 17. Jahrhunderts (Cologne, 1976), on Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 17–18 (1981–1982), pp. 376–378.

- Book. Studies on Romanian National Consciousness (Milan-Rome: Nagard Publishers, 1983), 259 pp.
- Article. "Theme and Character in the Azerbaijani Novel, 1930–1957," World Literature Today, Vol. 57, No. 1 (1983), pp. 30–35.
- Article. "Moldavian Soviet Socialist Republic," in *Encyclopedia Britannica*, Vol. 12 (Chicago, 1983), pp. 301–304. (With F.N. Sukhopara).
- Article. "Djalil Mamedkulizade," *Encyclopedia of World Literature in the 20th Century* (N.Y.: Frederick Ungar, 1983), Vol. 3, p. 204.
- Article. "Moldavian (S.S.R.) Literature," *Encyclopedia of World Literature in the 20th Century*, Vol. 3 (N.Y.: Frederick Ungar, 1983), pp. 297–298.
 - Review. Mircea Păcurariu, *Istoria Bisericii Ortodoxe Române*, 3 vols. (București, 1980–1981), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 42, No. 2 (Summer 1983), pp. 320–321.
- Review. Andrew C. Janos, *The Politics of Backwardness in Hungary, 1825–1945* (Princeton, N.J., 1982), in *Historische Zeitschrift*, Vol. 237, No. 1 (August, 1983), pp. 198–199.
- Review. Émile Turdeanu, *Apocryphes slaves et roumains de l'Ancien Testament* (Leiden, 1981), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 42, No. 3 (1983), pp. 535–536.
- Review. Jutta de Jong, *Der nationale Kern des makedonischen Problems* (Frankfurt am Main/Bern, 1982), in *Canadian Slavonic Papers*, Vol. 25, No. 4 (1983), pp. 612–613.
- Review. Cesare Alzati, *Terra romena tra Oriente e Occidente; Chiese ed etnie nel tardo '500* (Milan, 1982), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 42, No. 4 (1983), pp. 717–718.
- Review. Jakov Michajlovič Kopanskij, *Obščestvo bessarabcev v SSSR i sojuzy bessarabskich emigrantov* (1924–1940) (Kišinev, 1978), in *Jahrbücher für Geschichte Osteurapas*, Vol. 31, No. 4 (1983), p. 627.
- Review. Farida Mamedova, "Istoria Alban" Moiseia Kalankatuiskogo kak istochnik po obshchestvennomu stroiu rannesrednevekovoi Albanii (Baku, 1977), in Revue des études arméniennes (Paris), Vol. 17 (1983), pp. 667-669.

- Article. "Tajik Literature," in Leonard S. Klein, ed., *Encyclopedia of World Literature in the 20th Century*, 2nd rev. ed., Vol. IV (New York: Frederick Ungar, 1984), pp. 408–410.
- Article. "Samed Vurgun," Ibid., p. 576.
- Article. "Andrei Şaguna şi revoluţia de la 1848," *Mitropolia Ardealului*, Vol. 29, No. 3–4 (1984), pp. 196–205.
- Article. "Romanian Intellectuals in Transylvania: The West and National Consciousness, 1830–1840," *Revue des Etudes Sud-est Européennes*, Vol. 22, No. 4 (1984), pp. 305–326.
- Article. "The Caucasian Albanians and the Arab Caliphate in the Seventh and Eighth Centuries," Bedi Kartlisa. Revue de Kartvélologie (Paris), Vol. 42 (1984), pp. 234–245.
- Article. (With Ioan Beju) "Conscripția clerului român din 1767," *Mitropolia Ardealului*, Vol. 29, No. 7–8 (1984), pp. 534–568
- Review. Klaus P. Beer, Zur Entwicklung des Parteien- und Parlamentssystem in Rumänien 1928–1933, 2 vols. (Frankfurt am Main/Bern, 1983), in Jahrbücher für Geschichte Osteuropas, Vol. 32, No. 3 (1984), pp. 466–467.

- Review. Vera Zimányi, *La Pologne et le Hongrie aux XVIe–XVIIIe siècles. Textes du colloque polono-hongrois* (Budapest, 1981), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 19–20 (1983–1984), Part 1, pp. 308–310.
- Review. Edmund Ghareeb, *The Kurdish Question in Iraq* (Syracuse, N.Y., 1981), in *Der Islam*, Vol. 61, No. 1 (1984), p. 153.
- Review. Alex N. Dragnich, *The First Yugoslavia: Search for a Viable Political System* (Stanford, 1983), in *Canadian Slavonic Papers*, Vol. 26, No. 1 (1984), p. 118.

- Book. *The Idea of Nation. The Romanians of Transylvania*, 1691–1849 (Bucharest: Editura Ştiinţifică şi Enciclopedică, 1985), 221 pp.
- Article. "Cărturari români din Transilvania și revoluția de la 1848," *Tribuna* (Cluj), No. 34, Aug. 22, 1985, p. 6; No. 38, Sept. 19, 1985, p. 6.
- Review. David F. Good, *The Economic Rise of the Habsburg Empire*, 1750–1914 (Berkeley, 1984), in *Canadian Slavonic Papers*, Vol. 27, No. 3 (1985), pp. 361–362.
- Review. Lóránt Czigány, *The Oxford History of Hungarian Literature: From the Earliest Times to the Present* (Oxford, 1984), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 44, No. 3 (1985), pp. 591–593.
- Review. Ronald G. Suny (ed.), Transcaucasia: Nationalism and Social Change. Essays in the History of Armenia, Azerbaijan, and Georgia (Ann Arbor, 1983), in Slavic Review, Vol. 44, No. 1 (1985), pp. 155–156.

- Book edited. Rumanian Studies, Vol. 5 (Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1986), 180 pp.
- Article. "Religious Tradition and National Consciousness among the Romanians of Transylvania, 1730–1780," *Harvard Ukrainian Studies*, Vol. 10, No. 3–4 (December 1986), pp. 542–558.
- Article. "Barrasīye āsāre mowarrekīne šourawī darbāre jonbeše mellīye kord dar sālhāye 1880–1914" (Soviet Works on the Kurdish National Movement, 1880–1914), *Studia Kurdica* (Paris), No. 4 (June 1986), pp. 46–52.
- Review. Tadeusz Swietochowski, Russian Azerbaijan, 1905–1920: The Shaping of National Identity in a Muslim Community (Cambridge, 1985), in Slavic Review, Vol. 45, No. 1 (1986), pp. 137–138.
- Review. Srećko M. Džaja, Konfessionalität und Nationalität und der Herzegowina: Voremanzipatorische Phase, 1463–1804, (Munich, 1984), in Slavic Review, Vol. 45, No. 1 (1986), pp. 157–158.
- Review. Michael Shafir, *Romania: Politics, Economics, and Society* (Boulder, Col. 1985), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 45, No. 2 (1986), p. 389.
- Review. Maksud Ibragimbekov, *Neskol'ko prichin dlia razvoda* (Moscow, 1985), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 60, No. 4 (1986), p. 683.
- Review. Kemal H. Karpat, Ottoman Population, 1830–1914: Demographic and Social Characteristics (Madison, 1985), in Slavic Review, Vol. 45, No. 3 (1986), pp. 584–585.
- Review. Émile Turdeanu, Études de littérature roumaine et d'écrits slaves et grecs des Principautés Roumaines (Leiden, 1985), in Slavic Review, Vol. 45, No. 3 (1986), p. 591.

- Review. *Die Habsburgermonarchie*, 1848–1918, Vol. IV: *Die Konfessionen*. Ed. by Adam Wandruszka and Peter Urbanitsch (Vienna, 1985), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 45, No. 4 (1986), p. 762.
- Review. Katherine Verdery, *Transylvanian Villagers: Three Centuries of Political, Economic, and Ethnic Change* (Berkeley and Los Angeles, 1983), in *Journal of Modern History*, Vol. 58, No. 3 (1986), pp. 773–774.

- Book. Conștiința națională și acțiune politică la Românii din Transilvania, 1700–1868. Cluj-Napoca: Editura Dacia, 1987, 256 pp.
- Book. *L'idée de nation chez les Roumains de Transylvanie, 1691–1849.* Bucarest: Editura Ştiinţifică şi Enciclopedică, 1987, 237 pp.
- Article. "Le Paysanisme. Une vision roumain du Tiers Monde." in *Populismes d'Europe Centrale et Orientale: Restauration et utopie*, Cahier No. 6 (Paris: Institut National des Langues et Civilisations Orientales, 1987), pp. 99–123.
- Article. "Sadr-al-Din Ayni," *Encyclopaedia Iranica*, Ehsan Yarshatar, ed., Vol. III, Fascicle 2 (London-New York, 1987), pp. 144–149.
 - Article. (With Ioan Beju) "Conscripția comitatenză a clerului român din Alba de Jos, anul 1733," *Mitropolia Ardealului*, Vol. 32, No. 4 (1987), pp. 75–90 + i-xxxi.
- Article. "Fuzuli," in *The Modern Encyclopedia of Russian and Soviet Literatures*, Vol. 8 (Gulf Breeze, Fla.: Academic International Press, 1987), pp. 75–80.
- Review. Lucian Blaga, *Opere*, Vol. 3: *Teatru*. George Ganæ, ed. (Bucureşti, 1986), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 61, No. 1 (1987), p. 89.
- Review. Stephen C. Pelletiere, *The Kurds. An Unstable Element in the Gulf* (Boulder and London, 1984), in *Der Islam*, Vol. 64, No. 1 (1987), p. 171.
- Review. Sadriddin Aini, *Bukhara: Reminiscences* (Moscow, 1986), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 61, No. 2 (1987), pp. 352–353.
- Review. Ariadna Camariano-Cioran, ed., Reprezentanța diplomatică a Moldovei la Constantinopol (30 August 1741–Decembrie 1742). Repoartele inedite ale agenților lui Constantin Mavrocordat (Bucuresti, 1985), in Slavic Review, Vol. 46, No. 2 (1987), p. 353.
- Review. Jan Kozik, *The Ukrainian National Movement in Galicia*, 1815–1849 (Edmonton, 1986), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 92, No. 4 (Oct., 1987), p. 1001.
- Review. Tschingis Hüssejnow, *Fatali oder die betrogenen Sterne* (Berlin, 1986), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 61, No. 3 (1987), pp. 485–486.

- Book. *The Idea of Nation. The Romanians of Transylvania, 1691–1849* (Bucharest, 1988), 221 pp. (Reprint of the 1985 edition).
- Article. "Modern Tajik Literature," in Ehsan Yarshater, ed. *Persian Literature* (New York: Bibliotheca Persica, 1988) (Columbia Lectures on Iranian Studies, No. 3), pp. 454–475.
- Review. Armin Heinen, Die Legion 'Erzengel Michael' in Rumänien. Soziale Bewegung und politische Organisation (Munich, 1986), in English Historical Review, Vol. 103, No. 406

- (Jan. 1988), pp. 149-151.
- Review. Orest Subtelny, *Domination of Eastern Europe: Native Nobilities and Foreign Absolutism* 1500–1715 (Kingston and Montreal, 1986), in *Russian Review*, Vol. 47, No. 1 (1988), pp. 100–101.
- Review. Rasul Gamzatov, *Belye zhuravli* (Moscow, 1987), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 62, No. 4 (1988), p. 720.
- Review. Johann Böhm, Das nationalsozialistiche Deutschland and die deutsche Volksgruppe in Rumänien 1936–1944, in Slavic Review, Vol. 47, No. 2 (1988), p. 366.
- Review. Farida Mamedova, *Političeskaja istorija i istoričeskaja geografija Kavkazskoj Albanii* (Baku, 1986), in *Revue des Études Géorgiennes et Caucasiennes*, Vol. 4 (1988), pp. 171–172.

- Book. Die Idee der Nation bei den Rumänen in Transilvanien (Bukarest, 1989), 224 pp. (German edition of The Idea of Nation, published in 1985).
- Book edited. (Associate editor). *Great Historians from Antiquity to 1800*, Lucian Boia, editor. (New York, Westport: Greenwood Press, 1989), XXVI + 417 pp.
- Article. "Sharaf-Han Ibn Shamsaddin Bidlisi," in *Great Historians from Antiquity to 1800* (New York-Westport, 1989), pp. 251–252.
- Article. (With Ioan Beju). "Conscripția scaunală a clerului român de la Pământul Crăiesc. Anul 1733, I. Introducere," *Mitropolia Ardealului*, Vol. 34, No. 3 (1989), pp. 99–116. "II. Conscripția," *Ibid.*, Vol. 34, No. 4 (1989), pp. 73–86.
- Article. "The Rumanian Idea of Autonomy in Transylvania, 1867–1906," *Crisia* (Oradea), Vol. 19 (1989), pp. 247–264.
- Article. "Lucian Blaga și satul românesc," *Tribuna* (Cluj), No. 7 (Feb. 16, 1989), p. 3.
- Review. Edward Allworth (ed.), *Tatars of the Crimea: Their Struggle for Survival* (Durham and London, 1988), in AACAR Bulletin of the Association for the Advancement of Central Asian Research, Vol. 2, No. 1–2 (1989), p. 16. Also published in *The Crimean Review* (Voice of the Crimean Tatar Human Rights Movement, Boston), Vol. 3, No. 2 (Dec. 1988), p. 40.
- Review. M.G. Kozlova, Rossija i strany iugo-vostochnoi Azii (Moscow, 1986), in Journal of Asian Studies, Vol. 48, No. 1 (1989), pp. 221–222.
- Review. Domokos Kosáry, *Culture and Society in Eighteenth-Century Hungary* (Budapest, 1987), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 94, No. 3 (June, 1989), p. 810.
- Review. Hrant Matewosjan, ... aber sonst ist alles reine Wahrheit (Berlin, 1988), in World Literature Today, Vol. 63, No. 4 (1989), p. 734.
- Review. Lars Johanson and Claus Schönig (eds.), Kritische Beiträge zur Altaistik und Turkologie (Wiesbaden, 1988), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 33, No. 3–4 (1989), pp. 311–312.

- Article. "Hungary," in Marcel van der Linden and Jürgen Rojahn (eds.), *The Formation of Labour Movements 1870–1914; An International Perspective*, Vol. I (Leiden, New York: E.J. Brill, 1990), pp. 347–366.
- Article. "Rumania," in *Ibid.*, pp. 369-392.

- Comments. "Post-Communist Eastern Europe: A Survey of Opinion," *East European Politics and Societies*, Vol. 4, No. 2 (Spring 1990), pp. 164–165, 184, 187–188.
- Review. Stela Mărieș, Supușii stră ini din Moldova în perioada 1781–1862 (Iași, 1985), in English Historical Review, Vol. 105, No. 415 (April 1990), pp. 498–499.
- Review. Ronald Grigor Suny, *The Making of the Georgian Nation* (Bloomington and Stanford, 1988), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 95, No. 2 (1990), pp. 548–549.
 - Review. Mira Bogdanović, *The Serbian Labour Movement in the Period 1903–1914* (Amsterdam, 1988), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 49, No. 2 (1990), p. 306.
- Review. Edgar Hösch, Geschichte der Balkanländer: Von der Frühzeit bis zur Gegenwart, in Slavic Review, Vol. 49, No. 1 (1990), p. 127.
- Review. Georges Haupt, János Jemnitz, and Leo van Rossum (eds.), Karl Kautsky und die Sozialdemokratie Südosteuropas: Korrespondenz 1883–1938 (Frankfurt and New York, 1986), in Journal of Modern History, Vol. 62, No. 4 (1990), pp. 887–889.
- Review. D. Prodan, *Iobă gia în Transilvania în secolul al XVII-lea*, 2 Vols. (București, 1986), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 95, No. 4 (October 1990), pp. 1244–1245. Published in Romanian in *Academica* (Bucuresti), Vol. 1, No. 6 (1991), p. 23.

- Book. (With Ioan Beju), *Biserica Ortodoxă Română în secolul XVIII. Conscripții. Statistici* (Urbana and Sibiu, 1991), 212 pp. (This volume contains five articles which were published by the authors in *Mitropolia Ardealului* between 1974 and 1989).
- Book edited. (Associate Editor). *Great Historians of the Modern Age*, Lucian Boia, ed. (New York and Westport: Greenwood Press, 1991), 841 pp.
- Article. "Der Fall Pătrășcanu," in Wolfgang Maderthaner, et al. (eds.), "Ich habe den Tod verdient"; Schauprozesse und politische Verfolgung in Mittel- und Osteuropa 1945–1956 (Vienna, 1991), pp. 101–111.
- Article. "Central Asia. XV: Modern Literature," in *Encyclopaedia Iranica*, Vol. 5 (Costa Mesa, Cal., 1991), pp. 235–240.
- Review. Gheorghe Cliveti, *România și puterile garante 1856–1878* (Iași, 1988), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 96, No. 1 (1991), p. 207.
- Review. Ira M. Lapidus, A History of Islamic Societies (Cambridge, 1988), and Hélène Carrère d'Encausse, Islam and the Russian Empire: Reform and Revolution in Central Asia (Berkeley, 1988), in Slavic Review, Vol. 50, No. 1 (1991), pp. 195–197.
- Review. Selami Pulaha, *Pronësia feudale në tokat shqiptare (shek. XV–XVI)* (Tirana, 1988), and Elena Grozdanova, *Bulgarskata narodnost prez XVII vek* (Sofia, 1989), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 50, No. 3 (1991), pp. 714–715.
- Review. Lothar Maier, Rumänien auf dem Weg zur Unabhängigkeitserklärung 1866–1877 (Munich, 1989), in Slavic Review, Vol. 50, No. 4 (1991), pp. 1044–1045.
- Review. Jan Bečka, *The National Liberation Movement in Burma during the Japanese Occupation Period (1941–1945)* (Prague, 1983), in *Journal of Southeast Asian Studies*, Vol. 22, No. 2 (1991), pp. 413–414.
- Review. Thomas W. Lentz and Glenn D. Lowry, *Timur and the Princely Vision* (Washington, D.C., 1989), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 35, No. 3–4 (1991), pp. 309–310.

Review. Orhan Pamuk, *The White Castle* (New York, 1991), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 65, No. 4 (1991), p. 764.

1992

- Book. Conștiință națională și acțiune politică la Românii din Transilvania, 1868–1918 (Cluj: Editura Dacia, 1992), 244 pp.
- Article. "Historiography of the Countries of Eastern Europe: Romania," *American Historical Review*, Vol. 97, No. 4 (October 1992), pp. 1064–1083.
- Article. "A Supremely National Poet: Mihai Eminescu," *Transylvanian Review*, Vol. 1, No. 1 (Summer 1992), pp. 9–13.
- Article. "Istoria României între 1774–1947," *Academica* (București), Vol. 2, No. 4 (Feb., 1992), pp. 6–7, 27.
- Review, D. Prodan, *Problema iobă giei în Trnasilvania*, 1700–1848 (București, 1989), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 97, No. 1 (1992), p. 247.
- Review. Charles Jelavich, "South Slav Nationalisms: Textbooks and Yugoslav Union before 1914 (Columbus, Ohio, 1990), in American Historical Review, Vol. 97, No. 4 (October, 1992), pp. 1247–1248.
- Review. Péter Sipos, *Die Sozialdemokratische Partei Ungarns und die Gewerkschaften 1890–1944* (Budapest, 1991), in *Slavonic and East European Review*, Vol. 70, No. 2 (1992), pp. 353–354.
- Review. Arshak Poladian, Kurdy v VII–X vekakh po arabskim istochnikam (Erevan, 1987), in Der Islam, Vol. 69, No. 1 (1992), pp. 125–126.
- Review. Beatrice Forbes Manz, *The Rise and Rule of Tamelane* (Cambridge, 1991), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 36, No. 3–4 (1992), pp. 303–304.

- Article. "Biserica și națiune în gândirea lui Andrei Şaguna," *Revista Teologică* (Sibiu), n.s., Vol. 3 (75), No. 2 (April-June, 1993), pp. 39–44.
- Article. "Rumanian Peasantism: The Third Way," in *Analele Ş tiinţifice ale Universităţii "Al. I. Cuza" din Iaşi*, Vol. 39 (1993), pp. 53–64.
- Article. "Hilfsvereine und Gegenseitigkeit in Ungarn, 1830–1941," *Internationale Revue für Soziale Sicherheit*, Vol. 46, No. 3 (1993), pp. 93–115.
- Article. "East or West? Orthodoxism and Nationalism in Rumania in the 20th Century," in Ilina Gregori and Angelika Schaser (eds.), *Rumänien in Umbruch: Chancen und Probleme der europäischen Integration* (Bochum, 1993), pp. 89–100.
- Article. "Eminescu and Rumanian Intellectuals between the World Wars," in *Europa. Annales*, Vol. 1 (Budapest, 1993), pp. 156–162.
- Article. "Abdulla Goran," in *Encyclopaedia of World Literature in the 20th Century*, Vol. 5 (New York, 1993), pp. 263–264.
- Review. Vlad Georgescu, *The Romanians: A History* (Columbus, Ohio, 1991), in *Austrian History Yearbook*, Vol. 24 (1993), pp. 224–225.
- Review. R.D. McChesney, Waqf in Central Asia: Four Hundred Years in the History of a Muslim

- Shrine, 1480–1889 (Princeton, N.J., 1991), in The Middle East and South Asia Folklore Bulletin, Vol. 10, No. 1 (1993), p. 2.
- Review. Lois Beck, Nomad: A Year in the Life of a Qashqa'i Tribesman in Iran (Berkeley, 1991), in The Middle East and South Asia Folklore Bulletin, Vol. 10, No. 2 (1993), p. 5.
- Review. Jochen Schimidt, *Populismus oder Marxismus: Zur Ideengeschichte der radikalen Intelligenz Rumäniens 1875–1915* (Tübingen, 1992), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 98, No. 2 (1993), pp. 906–907.
- Review. Richard Wagner, Sonderweg Rumänien. Bericht aus einem Entwicklungsland, 2nd ed. (Berlin, 1992), in Jahrbuch für Historische Kommunismusforschung, Vol. 1 (Berlin, 1993), pp. 489–490.
 - Review. N. Adæniloaie, *Ră scoala ță ranilor din 1888* (București, 1988), in *English Historical Review*, Vol. 108, No. 429 (Oct., 1993), pp. 1056–1057.

- Book. *Rumania 1866–1947* (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1994), X + 579 pp. Article. "Moldova", in *Encyclopaedia Britannica*, Vol. 14 (Chicago, 1994), pp. 645–649.
- Article. "Romania. History", in Encyclopaedia Britannica, Vol. 14 (Chicago, 1994), pp. 655–661.
- Article. "The Spirit of the Times in the Romanian Principalities, 1770s–1820s," *Caietele David Prodan*, Vol. 1, No. 1 (Jan.-June, 1994), pp. 21–40.
- Article. "David Prodan", in *Colloquia. Journal of Central European History* (Cluj), Vol. 1, No. 1 (Jan.-June 1994), pp. 8–14.
- Memoir. "Andrei Oţetea," Revista Istorică, Vol. 5, No. 7-8 (1994), pp. 671-672.
- Review. Dumitru Vitcu, *Istoria salinelor Moldovei în epoca modernă* (Iași, 1987), in *English Historical Review*, Vol. 109, No. 430 (Feb., 1994), p. 217.
- Review. Adrian Macovei, *Moldova și Țara Româneascæ de la unificarea economică la unirea politică din 1859* (Iași, 1989), in *English Historical Review*, Vol. 109, No. 431 (April 1994), pp. 494–495.
- Review. Gesar! The Wondrous Adventures of King Gesar (Berkeley, Cal., 1991), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 38, No. 1 (1994), p. 113.
- Review. Pierre Fistié, *La Birmanie ou la quête de l'unité* (Paris, 1985), in *Journal of Southeast Asian Studies*, Vol. 25, No. 1 (1994), pp. 185-186.
- Review. Franz Babinger, *Mehmed the Conqueror and His Time* (Princeton, 1978), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 38, No. 2 (1994), pp. 282–283.
- Review. Jo-Ann Gross (ed.), *Muslims in Central Asia* (Durham. N.C., 1992), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 38, No. 2 (1994), pp. 292–294.
- Review. U Maung Maung, Burmese Nationalist Movements, 1940–1948 (Edinburgh, 1989), in Journal of Southeast Asian Studies, Vol. 25, No. 2 (1994), pp. 429–431.

- Book. *Ortodoxie si naționalitate*. București: Univers Enciclopedic, 1995, 343 pp.(Translation of *Orthodoxy and Nationality*, 1977).
- Article. "Les Mutuelles en Hongrie, de 1830 à 1941," in Michel Dreyfus and Bernard Gibaud

- (eds.), Mutualités de tous les pays (Paris, 1995), pp. 237–250.
- Article. "Önsegélyező egyletek Magyarországon 1830 és 1941 kö zö tt," <u>Esély. Társadalom és szociálpolitika folyó irat</u> (Budapest), 1995, No. 3, pp. 89-110.
- Article. "Church and Nation in the Thought of Andrei Şaguna," *Colloquia* (Cluj), Vol. 2, No. 1–2 (1995), pp. 80–86.
- Article. "Orthodoxism: Polemics over Ethnicity and Religion in Interwar Romania," in Ivo Banac and Katherine Verdery, eds., *National Character and National Ideology in Interwar Eastern Europe* (New Haven, 1995), pp. 135–156.
- Article. "Edebi kurdi" (Kurdish Literature), *Mamostay Kurd* (Sollentuna, Sweden), No. 26 (1995), pp. 32-34,
- Bibliography. "Romania", in American Historical Association, *Guide to Historical Literature*, Vol. 2 (New York, 1995), pp. 1059–1062.
- Review. Dan Berindei, *Revoluția Română din 1821* (București, 1991), in *English Historical Review*, Vol. 110, No. 436 (April, 1995), p. 502.
- Review. Bilgé Karasu, *Night* (Baton Rouge, 1994), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 69, No. 1 (Winter 1995), p. 218.
- Review. Galsan Tschinag, *Der blaue Himmel* (Frankfurt am Main, 1994), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 69, No. 1 (Winter 1995), p. 230.
- Review. Aung San Suu Kyi, Freedom from Fear and Other Writings (London, Penguin, 1995), in London Quarterly, No. 6 (May-August 1995), pp. 39–40.
- Review. Donald Tchiladze, *Théâtre de fer* (Paris, 1994), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 69, No. 3 (Summer 1995), p. 639.
- Review. Donald Rayfield, *The Literature of Georgia. A History* (New York, 1994), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 69, No. 4 (Autumn, 1995), p. 861.

- Book. The Romanians, 1774–1866. Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1996. 350 pp.
- Book. *România 1866–1947* (București: Editura Humanitas, 1996), 621 pp. (Translation of *Rumania 1866–1947*, published by Oxford University Press, 1994).
- Book Edited. The Journal of Kurdish Studies, Vol. 1 (1995) (Louvain: Peeters Press, 1995), 112 pp.
- Article. "Mutual Benefit Societies in Hungary, 1830–1941," in Marcel van der Linden, ed., Social Security Mutualism. The Comparative History of Mutual Benefit Societies. (Bern, 1996), pp. 359–383.
- Article. "Jewish Credit Cooperatives in Bessarabia and Integration," in <u>The Jews in Romanian</u> <u>History</u>, Ion Stanciu, ed. (Bucharest, 1996), pp. 193-200.
- Article. "Husein, Mehdi," in *Modern Encyclopedia of East Slavic, Baltic and Eurasian Literatures*, Vol. 10 (1996), pp. 41–43.
- Review. Alexandru Duţu, ed., Sud-Estul european în vremea Revoluţiei Franceze. Stă ri de spirit, reacţii, confluenţe (Bucureşti, 1994), in English Historical Review, Vol. 111, No. 444 (Nov., 1996), pp. 1307–1308.
- Review. Santiago Castillo, ed., *Solidaridad desde abajo* (Madrid, 1994), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 101, No. 1 (Feb., 1996), pp. 194–195.

- Review. Larry Wolff, Inventing Eastern Europe: The Map of Civilization on the Mind of the Enlightenment (Stanford, Cal., 1994), in American Historical Review, Vol. 101, No. 1 (Feb., 1996), p. 207.
- Review. Tom Gallagher, *Romania after Ceauşescu* (Edinburgh, 1995), in *London Quarterly*, No. 9 (April-May, 1996), pp. 48–50.
- Review. Peter Haslinger, Arad, November 1918. Oszkár Jászi und die Rumänen in Ungarn 1900 bis 1918 (Vienna, 1993), in Austrian History Yearbook, Vol. 27 (1996), pp. 335–336.
- Review. Vitaly Naumkin (ed.), State, Religion and Society in Central Asia (Reading, 1993), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 40, No. 1 (1996), pp. 144–146.
- Review. Galsan Tschinag, Zwanzig und ein Tag (Frankfurt am Main, 1995), in World Literature Today, Vol. 70, No. 3 (Summer, 1996), pp. 764–765.

- Book. *Mit și realitate în istoriografia românească* (București: Editura Enciclopedică, 1997), 323 pp. Book edited. *Journal of Kurdish Studies*, Vol. 2 (1997) (Louvain: Peeters Press, 1997), 70 pp.
- Article. "Hâdî-i Sebzevârî," Tü rkiye Diyanet Vakfi, *Islâ m Ansiklopedisi*, Vol. 15 (Istanbul, 1997), pp. 12-13.
- Article. "Rumunia," in Jerzy Kłoczowski and Paweł Kras, eds., *Historiografia krajó w Europy środkowo-wschoniej* (Lublin, 1997), pp. 114-118.
- Review. Katherine Verdery, What Was Socialism, and What Comes Next? (Princeton, N.J., 1996), in Slavonic and East European Review, Vol. 75, No. 1 (1997), pp. 186–187.
- Review. David McDowall, *A Modern History of the Kurds* (London, 1996), in *The Oxford Quarterly*, Vol. 1, No. 4/Vol. 2, No. 1 (Spring-Summer 1997), pp. 84–86.
- Review. Devin DeWeese, *Islamization and Native Religion in the Golden Horde* (University Park, Pennsylvania, 1994), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 41, No. 1 (1997), pp. 128–130.
- Review. Jan Bečka, *Historical Dictionary of Myanmar* (Metuchen, N.J.: Scarecrow Press, 1995), in *Journal of Southeast Asian Studies*, Vol. 28, No. 1 (1997), pp. 181–182.
- Review. Lonnie R. Johnson, *Central Europe: Enemies, Neighbors, Friends* (New York, 1996), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 58, No. 2 (1997), p. 336.

- Book. *Românii*, 1774–1866 (Bucureşti: Humanitas, 1998), 407 pp. (Translation of the *Romanians*, 1774–1866, published by the Clarendon Press in 1996)
- Book. *România*, 1866–1947, 2nd edition (Bucureşti: Humanitas, 1998), 573 pp. (2nd. ed. of the Romanian translation of *Rumania*, 1866–1947, published by the Clarendon Press in 1994.
- Section of book. "Desăvârșirea națiunii române," in M. Bărbulescu, D. Deletant, K. Hitchins, Ş. Papacostea, P. Teodor, *Istoria României* (București: Editura Enciclopedică, 1998), pp. 351–485.
- Article. "Early Modernism in Bulgaria: Pencho Slaveikov and Nietzsche," in Alice Freifeld, Peter Bergmann, and Bernice Glatzer Rosenthal, eds., *East Europe Reads Nietzsche* (Boulder: East European Quarterly, 1998), pp. 145–159.

- Article. "Nietzsche in Romania: The Case of Lucian Blaga," in *Ibid.*, pp. 161-180.
- Article. "An Outline History of the Communist Movement in Rumania, 1917–1944," in *Jahrbuch für Historische Kommunismusforschung*, 1998 (Berlin: Akademie Verlag, 1998), pp. 51–76.
- Article. "Yalta in American Historiography," in Pompiliu Teodor (ed.), *The Lessons of Yalta* (Cluj-Napoca: Cluj University Press, 1998), pp. 11–28.
- Article. "Erekle II," Encyclopaedia Iranica, Vol. 8, Fascicle 5 (1998), pp. 541–542.
- Article. "Roosevelt at Yalta: Idealist or Realist?" in *In Honorem Paul Cernovodeanu* (Bucureşti, 1998), pp. 297–312.
- Review. Hildrun Glass, Zerbrochene Nachbarschaft: Das deutsch-jüdische Verhältnis in Rumänien (1918–1938) (Munich, 1996), in American Historical Review, Vol. 103, No. 2 (April, 1998), pp. 553–554.
- Review. Maria Todorova, *Imagining the Balkans* (New York, 1997), in *Nationalities Papers*, Vol. 26, No. 2 (June 1998), pp. 343–344.
- Review. Maria Cræciun, *Protestantism și ortodoxie în Moldova secolului al XVI-lea* (Cluj-Napoca, 1996), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 57, No. 2 (1998), pp. 441–442.
- Review. Abbas Maroufi, *Die dunkle Seite* (Frankfurt am Main, 1998), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 72, No. 4 (1998), p. 893.

- Book. A Nation Discovered: Romanian Intellectuals in Transylvania and the Idea of Nation, 1700–1848 (Bucharest: The Encyclopaedic Publishing House, 1999), 229 pp.
- Book. A Nation Affirmed: The Romanian National Movement in Transylvania, 1860–1914 (Bucharest: The Encyclopaedic Publishing House, 1999), 407 pp.
- Article. "The Romanian Enlightenment in Transylvania," *Balkan Studies*, Vol. 40, No. 1 (1999), pp. 117-128.
- Article. "Neighboring Cultures: Central Asia, Afghanistan, China," *Iranian Studies*, Vol. 31, No. 3–4 (1998), pp. 571–582.
- Article. "Notes on Contemporary Romanian Historiography," <u>Romanian Cultural Studies</u> (Iași), Vol. 1, No. 1 (1999), pp. 47-54.
- Article. "Festivals: Kurdish (Sunni)," in Encyclopaedia Iranica, Vol. 9 (1999), pp. 554–555.
- Article. "Fiction: In Tajikistan," in *Encyclopaedia Iranica*, Vol. 9 (1999), pp. 606–610.
- Article. "Azerbaijani Literature" in *Encyclopedia of World Literature in the 20th Century,* 3rd rev. edition, Vol. 1 (Farmington Hills, Michigan; St. James Press, 1999), pp. 173–174.
- Article. "Lucian Blaga" in *Ibid.*, pp. 285–286.
- Article. "George Călinescu" in *Ibid.*, p. 400.
- Article. "Abdulla Goran," in *Ibid.*, Vol. 2, pp. 276-277.
- Article. "Kurdish Literature," in *Ibid.*, pp. 683-684.
- Article. "Memedkulizade," in *Ibid.*, Vol. 3, pp. 184-185.
- Article. "Moldovan Literature," in *Ibid.*, pp. 282-283.
- Article. "Tajik Literature," in *Ibid.*, Vol. 4, pp. 287-288.
- Article. "Samed Vurgun," in *Ibid.*, pp. 446-447.

- Review. Olivier Roy, La Nouvelle Asie Centrale, ou la fabrication des nations (Paris, 1997), in Nationalities Papers, Vol. 27, No. 2 (1999), pp. 363–364.
- Review. Audrey Burton, *The Bukharans* (Richmond, Surrey, 1997), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 43, No. 1 (1999), pp. 150–151.
- Review. Günter Behrendt, *Nationalismus in Kurdistan* (Hamburg, 1993), in *International Journal of Middle East Studies*, Vol. 31, No. 4 (Nov., 1999), pp. 677–678.
- Review. Viorel Panaite, Pace, ră zboi şi comerț în Islam: Ță rile române şi dreptul otoman al popoarelor (secolele XV-XVII) (Timișoara, 1997), in International Journal of Middle East Studies, Vol. 31, No. 4 (Nov., 1999), pp. 703-704.
- Review. Hans-Christian Maner, *Parlamentarismus in Rumänien (1930–1940)* (Munich, 1997), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 58, No. 4 (1999), pp. 898–899.
- Review. Galsan Tschinag, *Die graue Erde* (Frankfurt a.M., 1999), in *World Literature Today*, Summer 1999, Vol. 73, No. 3, pp. 603–604.
- Review. Yaşar Kemal, with Alain Bosquet, *Yaşar Kemal on His Life and Art* (Syracuse, N.Y., 1999), in Vol. 73, No. 4 (1999), p. 812.
- Obituary. "Alexandru Duţu, 1928–1999," in Slavic Review, Vol. 58, No. 4 (1999), p. 975.

- Book. Afirmarea națiunii: mișcarea națională românească din Transilvania, 1860–1914 (București: Editura Enciclopedică, 2000), 391 pp. (Translation of A Nation Affirmed, published in 1999).
- Article. "Clerul român din Transilvania inainte de Unirea cu Roma," in 300 de ani de la Unirea Bisericii Româ nești din Transilvania cu Biserica Romei (Cluj: Presa Universitară Clujeană, 2000), pp. 51-67
- Review. János Mazsu, *The Social History of the Hungarian Intelligentsia*, 1825–1914 (Boulder, 1997), in *The Historian*, Vol. 62, No. 2 (Feb. 2000), pp. 454–455.
- Review. André Du Nay, *The Origins of the Rumanians* (Toronto/Buffalo, 1996), in *English Historical Review*, Vol. 115, No. 460 (Feb. 2000), p. 169.
- Review. Mirella Galletti, *I Curdi nella storia* (Chieti, 1990), in *Der Islam*, Vol. 77, No. 1 (2000), pp. 194–195

2001

Book edited (With Miodrag Milin), Romanian-American Relations. Diplomatic and Consular Documents, 1859-1901 (Bucharest: The Foreign Languages Press Group "Romania", 2001), 401 pp. Book edited. Journal of Kurdish Studies, Vol. 3 (1998-2000) (Louvain: Peeters Press, 2001), 105 pp. Article. "Introduction" to: Lucian Blaga, Zalmoxis (Iaşi, Oxford, Portland: The Center for Romanian Studies, 2001), pp. 7-30.

Article. "Introduction" to: Complete Poetical Works of Lucian Blaga, 1895-1961 (Iaşi, Oxford, Portland: The Center for Romanian Studies, 2001), pp. 23-48.

Article: "Georgia: I. The Land and the People," *Encyclopaedia Iranica*, Vol. 10, Fascicle 5 (New York, 2001), pp. 460-463

Article. "Georgia: II. History of Iranian-Georgian Relations," *Ibid.*, pp. 464-470. Article. "Georgia: VI. Iranian Studies and Collections in Georgia," *Ibid.*, pp. 490-493.

Article. "The Emergence of the Idea of Nation among the Romanians of Transylvania, 1700-1849," *Studia Politica* (Bucharest), Vol. 1, No. 3 (2001), pp. 663-677.

Article. "Emergența ideii de națiune printre românii din Transilvania," in 22, Anul 12, No. 28 (2001), p. VI.

Review. Virgil Ciocîltan, Mongolii şi Marea Neagră în secolele XIII-XIV (Bucureşti, 1998), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 45, No. 1 (2001), pp. 138-139.

Review. Steven K. Pavlowitch, A History of the Balkans, 1804-1945 (London, 1999), in Slavonica (Manchester), Vol. 7, No. 1 (2001), pp. 54-55.

Review. Dennis Deletant, Communist Terror in Romania: Gheorghiu-Dej and the Police State 1948-1965 (New York, 1999), in American Historical Review, Vol. 106, No. 3 (June 2001), pp. 1087-1088.

Review. Fattaneh Haj Seyed Javadi, *Der Morgen der Trunkenheit* (Frankfurt a. M., 2000), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 75, No. 2 (Spring 2001), pp. 320-321.

Review. Zülfü Livanelli, *Der Eunuch von Konstantinopel* (Zurich, 2000), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 75, No. 2 (Spring 2001), p. 412.

Review. Svat Soucek, A History of Inner Asia (Cambridge, 2000), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 45, No. 2 (2001), pp. 322-324.

Review. Lucian Boia, *History and Myth in Romanian Consciousness* (Budapest, 2001), in *Nationalities Papers*, Vol. 29, No. 4 (December 2001), pp. 716-718.

Review. Galsan Tschinag, *Der weisse Berg* (Frankfurt a. M., 2000), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 75, No. 3-4 (Summer-Autumn 2001), p. 140.

Review. Latife Tekin, *Dear Shameless Death* (New York, 2001), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 75, No. 3-4 (Summer-Autumn 2001), p. 234.

2002

Book edited (with others), *Urban Radicals, Rural Allies: Social Democracy and the Agrarian Issue,* 1870-1914 (Bern: Peter Lang, 2002), 45l pp.

Book edited. Journal of Kurdish Studies, Vol. 4 (Louvain: Peeters Press, 2002), 78 pp.

Section of a book: "Desăvârşirea națiunii române," in M. Bărbulescu, et al., *Istoria României* (București: Editura Corint, 2002), pp. 286-391.

Article. "The Idea of Nation among the Romanians of Transylvania, 1700-1849," in Center for the Study of the Imaginary, *Nation and National Ideology Past, Present and Prospects* (Bucharest: New Europe College, 2002), pp. 78-109.

Article. "Gorān, 'Abd-Allāh Solaymān," *Encyclopaedia Iranica*, Vol. 11, Fascicle 2 (New York, 2002), pp. 136-137.

Article. "Identity and Religion: the Romanian Orthodox of Transylvania and the Orthodox Commonwealth, 1730s-1750s," in *Slujitor al Bisericii și al neamului* (Cluj-Napoca: Editura Renaștere, 2002), pp. 336-344.

Article. "Social Democracy and the Peasantry in Romania, 1870-1914," in *Urban Radicals, Rural Allies: Social Democracy and the Agrarian Issue, 1870-1914* (Bern: Peter Lang, 2002), pp. 325-347.

Article. "Romanian Intellectuals and the Enlightenment in Transylvania," *Annales Universitatis Apulensis. Series Historica*, Vol. 6, Part 1 (2002), pp. 99-105.

Article. "Kâşgar," Türkiye Diyanet Vakfı, Islâm Ansiklopedisi, Vol. 25 (Ankara, 2002), pp. 7-9.

Article. "Kazaklar," Türkiye Diyanet Vakfı, Islâm Ansiklopedisi, Vol. 25 (Ankara, 2002), pp. 131-134.

Foreword. Pompiliu Teodor, *Introducere în istoria istoriografiei din România* (Cluj-Napoca: Accent, 2002), pp. 7-10.

Review. Mark Biondich, Stjepan Radić, the Croat Peasant Party, and the Politics of Mass Mobilization, 1904-1928 (Toronto, 2000), in International Review of Social History, Vol. 47, Part 1 (2002), pp. 135-137.

Review. *The Chronicle of Abraham of Crete*, George Bournoutian, ed. (Costa Mesa, California, 1999), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 46, No. 1 (2002), pp. 139-141.

Review. Kieran Williams, ed., *Slovakia after Communism and Meciarism* (London, 2000), in *Slavonica* (Manchester), Vol. 8, No. 1 (2002), pp. 94-95.

Review. Mariana Hausleitner, *Die Rumänisierung der Bukowina: Die Durchsetzung des nationalstaatlichen Anspruchs Grossrumäniens, 1918-1944* (Munich, 2001), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 107, No. 3 (June 2002), pp. 969-970.

Review. László Makkai and András Mocsy, eds., *History of Transylvania*, Vol. 1: *From the Beginnings to 1606* (Boulder, 2001), in *Canadian Slavonic Papers*, Vol. 44, Nos. 1-2 (2002), pp. 153-154.

Review. Nedim Gursel, *Le Voyage de Candide à Istanbul* (Chambéry, 2001), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 76, No. 3-4 (2002), p. 160.

Obituary. "Pompiliu Teodor, 1930-2001," Slavic Review, Vol. 61, No. 2 (2002), pp. 449-450.

2003

Book. *The Identity of Romania* (Bucharest: Encyclopaedic Publishing House, 2003), 216 pp. Section of a book. "Desăvârșirea națiunii române," in M. Bărbulescu, et al., *Istoria României*, 3 rd rev. ed. (București: Corint, 2003), pp. 287-406.

Article. "Hažār," Encyclopaedia Iranica, Vol. 12, Fascicle 1 (2003), pp. 75-76.

Article. "Imagining Europe: Autochthonist Social Thought in Southeastern Europe, 1920-1940," *Anuarul Institutului de Cercetări Socio-Umane "Gheorghe Şincai"*, Vol. V-VI (Târgu Mureş, 2002-2003), pp. 297-312.

Article. "O utopie rurală: Virgil Madgearu și Țărănismul," *Studia Universității Petru Maior. Historia*, Vol. 3 (Târgu Mureș, 2003), pp. 188-216.

Article. "Balkan Identity and Europe between the World Wars in the Thought of Yanko Yanev," *Revue des Études Sud-Est Européennes*, Vol. 41, No. 1-4 (2003), pp. 65-74.

Article. "Blaga, Spengler, and Cultural Style," in *Tentația Istoriei. În memoria Profesorului Pompiliu Teodor*. Nicolae Bocșan, Ovidiu Ghitta, Doru Radosav, eds., (Cluj-Napoca, 2003), pp. 233-254.

Article. "Eliade, Mircea," in *Reference Guide to World Literature*, 3 rd ed. (Farmington Hills, Michigan, 2003), pp. 313-315.

Article. "Goran, Abdulla," in *Ibid.*, pp. 405-406.

Review. Hildrun Glass, Minderheit zwischen zwei Diktaturen: Zur Geschichte der Juden in Rumänien 1944-1949 (Munich, 2002), in American Historical Review, Vol. 108, No. 1 (February 2003), pp. 286-287.

Review. Devin De Weese, ed., Studies on Central Asian History in Honor of Yuri Bregel (Bloomington, Indiana, 2001), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 47, No. 1 (2003), pp. 133-134.

Review. Andre Gerolymatos, *The Balkan Wars: Conquest, Revolution, and Retribution from the Ottoman Era to the Twentieth Century and Beyond* (New York, 2002), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 62, No. 3 (2003), pp. 596-597.

Review. Antti Ruotsala, Europeans and Mongols in the Middle of the Thirteenth Century: Encountering the Other (Helsinki, 2001), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 47, No. 2 (2003), p. 314.

Review. Brian G. Williams, *The Crimean Tatars. The Diaspora Experience and the Forging of a Nation* (Leiden-Boston-Köln, 2001), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 47, No. 2 (2003), pp. 318-319.

Review. Nazim Hikmet, *Human Landscapes from My Country: An Epic Novel in Verse* (New York, 2002), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 77, No. 1 (2003), p. 78.

Preface. Vasile Puşcaş, Universitate. Societate. Modernizare (Cluj-Napoca: Eikon, 2003), pp. 5-8.

2004

Book. Românii, 1774-1866, 2 nd rev. ed, (București: Humanitas, 2004), 407 pp.

Book. România, 1866-1947, 3 rd rev. ed. (București: Humanitas, 2004), 659 pp.

Article. "Hodeq, Junaydollo Makdum," *Encyclopaedia Iranica*, Vol. 12, Fascicle 4 (2004), pp. 416-417.

Article. "Romania," *Europe 1450-1789. Encyclopedia of the Early Modern World*, Vol. 5 (New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 2004), pp. 244-246.

Article. "Muhammadiev, Fazliddin" (Tajik writer) *Encyclopaedia Iranica*, Online Edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Mushfiqi, Abdurahmon" (Tajik poet) *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online Edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Sodiqi Munši, Mirzo (Tajik poet) *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online Edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Review. Alberto Basciani, *Un conflitto balcanico: La contesa fra Bulgaria e Romania in Dobrugia del Sud, 1918-1940* (Cosenza, 2001), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 63, No. 1 (2004), pp. 166-167.

Review. Nicola Di Cosmo and Don J. Wyatt, eds., *Political Frontiers, Ethnic Boundaries, and Human Geographies in Chinese History* (London-New York, 2003), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 48, No. 1 (2004), pp. 135-137.

Review. George Lane, Early Mongol Rule in Thirteenth-Century Iran. A Persian Renaissance (London-New York, 2003), in Central Asiatic Journal, Vol. 48, No. 2 (2004), pp. 314-316.

Review. Edda Binder-Iijima, *Die Institutionalisierung der rumänischen Monarchie unter Carol I:* 1866-1881 (Munich, 2003), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 109, No. 4 (October 2004), pp. 1337-1338.

2005

Book edited. Journal of Kurdish Studies, Vol. 5 (Louvain: Peeters Press, 2005), 126 pp.

Article. "Formă și fond: intelectualii români față cu Europa, 1860-1940," in Ana Maria Dobre and Ramona Coman, eds., *România și integrarea europeană* (Iași: Institutul European, 2005), pp. 59-92.

Article. "Modernitate și angoasă între cele două războaie mondiale: Emil Cioran și Ianko Ianev,"

Vatra (Târgu Mureş), Vol. 32, No. 5-6 (2005), pp. 21-29.

Article. "Romanian Nation-formation in Transylvania: The Stages, Seventeenth Century to 1914," in *Studia Universitatis Babeş-Bolyai. Historia*, Vol. 50, No. 1 (2005), pp. 43-69.

Article. "Modernity and Angst in South-Eastern Europe between the World Wars: Emil Cioran and Yanko Yanev," in *Cultura politică și politici culturale în România modernă, Alexandru Zub and Adrian Cioflâncă, eds.* (Iași: Editura Universității "Alexandru Ioan Cuza, 2005), pp. 151-166.

Article. "George Bariţ (1812-1893)," in *Encyclopedia of the 1848 Revolutions* (available at: https://www.ohio.edu/chastain).

Article. "Timotei Cipariu," in *Encyclopedia of the 1848 Revolutions* (available at: https://www.ohio.edu/chastain).

Article. "Avram Iancu," in *Encyclopedia of the 1848 Revolutions* (available at: https://www.ohio.edu/chastain).

Review. Mathias Beer and Gerhard Seewan, eds., Südostforschung im Schatten des Dritten Reiches: Institutionen, Inhalte, Personen (Munich, 2004), in American Historical Review, Vol. 110, No. 4 (October 2005), pp. 1274-1275.

Review. Galsan Tschinag, *Das geraubte Kind* (Fankfurt a. M., 2004), in *World Literature Today*, Vol. 79, No. 1 (2005), p. 87.

Review. Johann Schneider, Der Hermannstadter Metropolit Andrei von Şaguna. Reform und Erneuerung der orthodoxen Kirche in Siebenbürgen und Ungarn nach 1848 (Köln, Weimar, Wien, 2005), in Südost-Forschungen, Vol. 63-64 (2004-2005), pp. 914-915.

2006

Article. "From Enlightenment to Revolution: Central Asian Intellectuals Confront Modernity, 1900-1930," in *Universitate și Cultura. Volum dedicat Profesorului Andrei Marga cu ocazia împlinirii vârstei de 60 ani* (Cluj-Napoca, 2006), pp. 219-239.

Article. "Imaginând națiunea etnică: intelectuali români din Transilvania în secolul al XVIII-lea," *Vatra* (Târgu Mureş), Vol. 33, No. 7 (July 2006), pp. 51-58.

Article. "Petru Comarnescu în anii '60: America revizitată," *Vatra*, Vol. 33, No. 7 (July 2006), pp. 59-65.

Article. "From Religious Community to Ethnic Nation: The Journey of Romanian Intellectuals in Transylvania in the Long Eighteenth Century," in *Reconstituiri istorice: idei, cuvinte, reprezentări.*Omagiu Profesorului Iacob Mârza, Laura Stanciu, coordinator (Alba Iulia, 2006), pp. 189-206.

Article. "History and Identity in the Novels of Ion Druţă," in *Identitatea culturală românească în contextul integrării europene*, Marius-Radu Clim, et al., eds. (Iaşi, 2006), pp. 499-503. Also published in *Revista de etnologie și culturologie* (Chișinău), Vol. 1 (2006), pp. 110-114.

Article. "Romania," Europe 1789 to 1914. Encyclopedia of the Age of Industry and Empire, Vol. 4 (New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 2006), pp. 2016-2021.

Article. "Romania," Europe since 1914. Encyclopedia of the Age of War and Reconstruction, Vol. 5 (New York: Charles Scribner's Sons, 2006), pp. 2231-2238.

Article. "Clujul anilor "60 in amintirile profesorului Hitchins," *Zi de zi* (Târgu Mureş), Anul 3, (May 23, 2006), p. 16, (May 24), p. 15, (May 25), p. 6, (May 26), p. 9, (May 27), p. 9.

Article. "The Communist Movement in Hungary, 1918-1944," *Anuarul Institutului de Cercetări Socio-Umane "Gheorghe Şincai"* (Târgu Mureş), Vol. 8-9 (2005-2006), pp. 306-347.

Article. "Religion and Identity in Interwar Romania: Orthodoxism," in *Identity and Destiny: Ideas and Ideology in Interwar Romania*, Erwin Kessler, ed., Plural Series (Institutul Cultural Român, Bucharest), Vol. 29, No. 1 (2007), pp. 25-44.

Article. "Erdélyi Fiatalok: The Hungarian Village and Hungarian Identity in Transylvania in the 1930s," *Journal of Hungarian Studies* (Budapest), Vol. 21, No. 1-2 (2007), pp. 85-99.

Article. "'Abd al Ra'ūf Fitrat ('Abdorauf Fitrat)," *Encyclopaedia of Islam*, 3 rd ed., Part 2 (Leiden: E. J. Brill, 2007), pp. 19-20.

Article. "The Court of Vienna and Confessional Problems in Transylvania, 1744-1759," *Annales Universitatis Apulensis, Series Historica*, Vol. 11, No. 2 (2007), pp. 252-268.

Article. "Samuil Micu, filosof?", Libraria. Studii și cercetări de bibliologie, Vol. 6 (Târgu Mureș, 2007), pp. 29-48.

Preface. Alberto Basciani, La difficile unione. La Bessarabia e la Grande Romania 1918-1940 (Rome, 2007), pp. 1-3.

Review. Andrei Pippidi, Byzantins, Ottomans, Roumains: Le Sud-Est européen entre l'héritage impériale et les influences occidentals (Paris, 2006), American Historical Review, Vol. 112 (June 2007), pp. 951-952.

2008

Book edited (with Christine Allison). *The Journal of Kurdish Studies*, Vol. 6 (Louvain: Peeters Press, 2008), 167 pp.

Article. "Istorie și identitate în romanele lui Ion Druță," *Fenomenul artistic Ion Druță* (Chișinău, 2008), pp. 102-107, 442.

Article. "Istoriia i identichnost v romanakh Iona Drutse," *Rusin* (Kishinev), No. 1-2 (11-12), 2008, pp. 192-198.

Article. "Biserică și națiune în gândirea lui Andrei Şaguna," in *Mitropolitul Andrei Şaguna: Creator de epocă în istoria Bisericii Ortodoxe din Transilvania* (Sibiu, 2008), pp. 73-77.

Article. "Romanian Nation-Formation in Transylvania: The Stages, Seventeenth Century to 1914," in *Re-Searching the Nation: The Romanian File*, Sorin Mitu, ed. (Cluj-Napoca, 2008), pp. 57-80.

Article. "Nation-Formation in Comparative Perspective: The Romanians of Transylvania, the Jadids of Central Asia, and the Kurds of Anatolia," *Revista de Etnologie și Culturologie*, Vol. 3, (Chișinău, 2008), pp. 158-175.

Article. "Mircea Eliade, Orthodoxy, and the Transfiguration of Romania in the 1930s," *Studia Universitatis Petru Maior. Historia*, Vol. 8 (Târgu Mureş, 2008), pp. 143-160.

Article. "Culture and Identities: Romanian Intellectuals and the Challenge of Europe, 18 th Century to 1989," in *History and Politics. Revista de Istorie și Politică* (Chișinău), Vol. 1, No. 1-2 (2008), pp. 7-26.

Article. "Jadidism," Encyclopaedia Iranica, Vol. 14, Fascicle 4 (New York, 2008), pp. 339-346.

Article. "Jagarkwin," Ibid., pp. 371-372.

Article. "Jalil, Rahim," Ibid ., pp. 419-420.

Review. Marius Turda and Paul J. Weindling, eds., "Blood and Homeland": Eugenics and Racial

Nationalism in Central and Southeast Europe, 1900-1940 (Budapest, 2007), in Slavic Review, Vol. 67, No. 1 (2008), pp. 198-199.

Review. Rogers Brubaker, Margit Feischmidt, Jon Fox, and Liana Grancea,

Nationalist Politics and Everyday Ethnicity in a Transylvanian Town (Princeton, 2006), in Journal of Interdisciplinary History, Vol. 38 (Spring 2008), pp. 617-618.

Review. Judith Pfeiffer and Sholeh A. Quinn, eds., *History and Historiography of Post-Mongol Central Asia and the Middle East. Studies in Honor of John E. Woods* (Wiesbaden 2006), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 52 (2008), No. 2, pp. 306-310.

Review. Hans-Christian Maner, Multikonfessionalität und neue Staatlichkeit: Orthodoxe, griechisch-katholische und römisch-katholische Kirche in Siebenbürgen und Altromänien zwischen den Weltkriegen (1918-1940) (Stuttgart, 2007), in Slavic Review, Vol. 67, No. 4 (2008), pp. 997-998.

Review. Ingrid Merchiers, *Cultural Nationalism in the South Slav Habsburg Lands in the Early Nineteenth Century* (Munich, 2007), in *Canadian Slavonic Papers*, Vol. 50, No. 1-2 (March-June 2008), pp. 203-204.

2009

Book. *The Identity of Romania*, 2 nd enlarged edition (Bucharest: Encyclopaedic Publishing House, 2009), 307 pp.

Book edited (with Laura Stanciu and Daniel Dumitran), *Despre Biserica românilor din Transilvania*. *Documente externe (1744-1754)* (Cluj-Napoca, 2009), 491 pp. and DVD.

Article. "Postfață. Perspectives," in L. Stanciu, K. Hitchins, D. Dumitran, *Despre Biserica românilor din Transilvania. Documente externe (1744-1754)* (Cluj-Napoca, 2009), pp. 339-350.

Article. "Radikális gondolkodás Délkelet-Európában a két világháború között: egy új generáció szembesül Európával," in *Múltunk* (Budapest), Vol. 54, No. 2 (2009), pp. 36-63.

Article. "The Challenge of Modernism in Interwar Southeastern Europe: The Orthodox Response," in *Historia sub Specie Aeternitatis. In honorem magistri Alexandru Zub*, edited by Victor Spinei and Gheorghe Cliveti (București-Brăila, 2009), pp. 263-278.

Article. "The Romania of the Kings" (Expanded version), in *Studia Universitatis Petru Maior*, *Historia* (Târgu Mureş), Vol. 9 (2009), pp. 59-74.

Article. "Khujand" (City in northeastern Tajikistan) *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online Edition. (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Mawlawi, 'Abd-al-Rahim Mahdumi" (Kurdish poet) *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online Edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Review. Armin Heinen, *Rumänien*, *der Holocaust und die Logik der Gewalt* (Munich, 2007), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 68, No. 2 (Summer 2009), pp. 411-412,

Review. Ilinca Zarifopol-Johnston, *Searching for Cioran* (Bloomington and Indianapolis: Indiana University Press, 2009), in *International Journal of Humanistic Ideology*, Vol. 2, No. 1 (2009), pp. 195-198.

Review. Marta Petreu, An Infamous Past. E. M. Cioran and the Rise of Fascism in Romania (Chicago: Ivan R. Dee, 2005), in Südost-Forschungen, Vol. 68 (2009), pp. 798-801.

Article. "Interwar Southeastern Europe Confronts the West. The New Generation: Cioran, Yanev, Popović," *Angelaki: Journal of Theoretical Humanities*, Vol. 15, No. 3 (2010), pp. 9-26.

Article. "Liberalismul românesc (1821-1866)," in *Istoria României prin concepte*, edited by Victor Neumann and Armin Heinen (Iași: Polirom, 2010), pp. 129-149.

Article. "The Romania of the Kings," in Edda Binder-Iijima, et al., eds., Die Hohenzollern in Rumänien 1866-1947, Köln, 2010, pp. 11-19.

Article. "Romanian Intellectuals Confront Europe," in Călător prin istorie. Omagiu profesorului Liviu Maior la împlinirea vârstei de 70 de ani, Ioan-Aurel Pop and Ioan Bolovan, eds. (Cluj-Napoca, 2010), pp. 441-460.

Article. "Karim Devona" (Tajik folk poet), Encyclopaedia Iranica, Vol. 15, Fascicle 5 (2010), p. 560.

Article. "Nalî" (Kurdish poet) Encyclopaedia Iranica. Online Edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Pîremêrd," (Kurdish writer) *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online Edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. Solaymāni, Ātajān Peyrow" (Tajik poet) *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online Edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Chapters in: Die Union der Rumänen Siebenbürgens mit der Kirche von Rom/Unirea românilor transilvăneni cu Biserica Romei, Vol. 1 (București: Editura Enciclopedică, 2010), pp. 140-151, 152-165, 306-319.

Review. Peter Mackridge, *Language and National Identity in Greece 1766-1976* (New York: Oxford University Press, 2009), in *American Historical Review*, Vol. 115, No. 2 (April 2010), pp. 636-637.

Review. David Morgan, *The Mongols*. 2 nd edition (Oxford: Blackwell Publishing, 2007), in *Central Asiatic Journal*, Vol. 54, No. 1 (2010), pp. 123-126.

Review. John Lampe, *Balkans into Southeastern Europe: A Century of War and Transition* (New York: Palgrave-Macmillan, 2006), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 69, No. 4 (Winter, 2010), pp. 987-988.

2011

Book. *Ion I. C. Brătianu. Romania* (Makers of the Modern World. The Peace Conferences of 1919-23 and Their Aftermath) (London: Haus Publishing Ltd, 2011), 219pp.

Article. "An Admirable Symbol of Constitutional Government," in *Lumea Regelui/The King's World* . Edited by Prince Radu of Romania (Iași: Polirom, 2011), pp. 106-109.

Review. Radu Mârza, *The History of Romanian Slavic Studies: From the Beginnings until the First World War* (Cluj-Napoca: Romanian Academy, Center for Transylvanian Studies, 2008), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 70, No. 1 (2011), pp. 183-184.

Review. Ágoston Olti and Attila Gidó, eds., *Minoritatea maghiară în perioada comunistă* (Cluj-Napoca: Editura Institutului pentru Studierea Problemelor Minorităților Naționale/ Kriterion, 2009), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 70, No. 2 (2011), pp. 445-446.

2012

Article. "Great Powers, Small Powers: Wallachia and Georgia Confront the Eastern Question, 1768-1802," in Ivan Biliarsky, Ovidiu Cristea, and Anca Oroveanu, eds., *The Balkans and the Caucasus. Parallel Processes on the Opposite Sides of the Black Sea* (Newcastle upon Tyne: Cambridge Scholars Publishing, 2012), pp. 12-28.

Article. "Professor Farida Mamedova," in *Qafqaz Albaniyasinin Azerbaycanin ve Qafqazin Tarixinde yeri ve rola* (Baku, 2012), pp. 8-19.

Article. "The Caucasian Albanians and the Arab Caliphate: The Crisis of Survival in the 7 th and 8 th Centuries," in *Ibid.*, pp. 105-109.

Article. "Interwar Southeastern Europe Confronts the West. The New Generation: Cioran, Yanev, Popović," in *Philosophy, Society and the Cunning of History in Eastern Europe*, Costica Bradatan, ed. (Abingdon and New York: Routledge, 2012), pp. 8-25.

Comments. In Radu Mârza, ed., "The International Visibility of Romanian Historiography and History," Colloquia. *Journal of Central European History*, Vol. 19 (Cluj, 2012), pp. 102-103, 104-105, 106, 109, 111.

Review. Eva Fuchslocker, *Vaterland, Sprache, Glaube. Orthodoxie und Nationenbildung am Beispiel Georgiens* (Stuttgart: Ibidem-Verlag, 2010), in *Kartuli Tsqarotmotsodneoba (Tbilisi)*, Vol. 13-14 (2011-2012), pp. 264-266.

Review. L. L. Watts, With Friends Like These...: The Soviet Bloc's Clandestine War Against Romania (Bucharest, 2010), in Southeastern Europe, Vol. 36, No. 1 (2012), pp. 138-139.

2013

Book. *Românii 1774-1866*, 3 rd ed. (București: Humanitas, 2013), 407 pp. Book. *România 1866-1947*, 4 th ed. (București: Humanitas, 2013), 659 pp.

Article. "Romanian Liberalism (1821-1866)," in Victor Neumann and Armin Heinen, eds., Key Concepts of Romanian History. Alternative Approaches to Socio-Political Languages. (Budapest-New York: Central European University Press, 2013), pp. 107-130.

Article. "Kurdish Elites and Nationhood in Anatolia, 1890s-1938," in Hamit Bozarslan and Clémence Scalbert-Yücel, eds., *Joyce Blau*, *l'éternelle chez les Kurdes* (Paris, 2013), pp. 81-99.

Article. "Accommodation or Separation: Notes on the Romanians and Hungarians of Transylvania, 1867-1940," in Anders E. B. Blomqvist, Constantin Iordachi, Balázs Trencsényi, eds., *Hungary and Romania Beyond National Narratives. Comparisons and Entanglements* (Bern: Peter Lang, 2013), pp. 125-154.

Article. "A New Hungarian Generation of 1930s Transylvania: Ethnic Identity and the Village," in *In honorem Vasile Dobrescu: Societate și cultură în epoca modernă*, Cornel Sigmirean and Corina Teodor, eds. (Sibiu: Editura ASTRA Museum, 2013), pp. 295-305.

Article. "Petru Comarnescu în anii '60: America Revizitată," in *Memoriam Florin Constantinescu. Smerenie. Pasiune. Credință* (București: Editura Enciclopedică, 2013), pp. 332-337.

Article. "Nichifor Crainic," in *Online Dictionary of Intercultural Philosophy* (available at: http://odip.webs.com), 5 pages.

Review. Anne Quinney, ed., *Paris-Bucharest, Bucharest-Paris: Francophone Writers from Romania* (Amsterdam: Editions Rodopi, 2012), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 72, No. 2 (2013), pp. 393-394.

Review. Michael Weber, Der geistig-geistliche Mensch im Konzept der Gnade bei Dumitru Stăniloae. Eine theologische Untersuchung unter der Berücksichtigung des soziokulturellen Hintergrundes. Forum Orthodoxe Theologie, No. 12. Münster: LIT Verlag, 2012, in Slavic Review, Vol. 72, No. 4 (2013), pp. 876-878.

Book. A Concise History of Romania (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2014), 327 pp.

Section of a book. "Desăvârșirea națiunii române," in M. Bărbulescu, et al., *Istoria României*, 4 th rev. ed. (București: Corint, 2014), pp. 287-406.

Chapter in a book. "Romania Enters the War," in Alan Sharp, ed., 28 June: Sarajevo 1914-Versailles 1919 (London: Haus Publishing, 2014), pp. 199-202.

Article. "Great Powers and Small Powers: Wallachia and Georgia Confront the Eastern Question, 1768-1802," in *In memoriam Grigore Ploeşteanu: Studii şi evocări, Cornel Sigmirean and Corina Teodor, eds.* (București: Editura Academiei Române, 2014), pp. 152-172. (Revised version).

Article. "Miršakar, Mirsaid" (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Uluğzāda, Sotem," (Sotim Uluğzoda) (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Lāyeq Šēr-'Ali (Loiq Šeralī) (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Romanian-Iranian Relations," *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Munzim, Mirzo Abdulvohidi" (Tajik poet and social activist). *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Niyozī, Foteh (Tajik novelist), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Defining the Nation in Eastern Europe, The Caucasus, Central Asia, and Anatolia, 1780s-1940s: The Role of Elites," in *Representing History: Theoretical Trends and Case Studies*, Mariam Chkhartishvili, ed. (Tbilisi, 2014), pp. 304-330.

Preface. Rudolf Dinu, Diplomația Vechiului Regat 1878-1914 (București, 2014), pp. 9-12.

Review. Alex Drace-Francis, *The Traditions of Invention: Romanian Ethnic and Social Stereotypes in Historical Context* (Leiden 2013), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 73, No. 2 (2014), pp. 411-412.

Review. Adrian Brisku, *Bittersweet Europe: Albanian and Georgian Discourses on Europe, 1878-2008* (New York, 2013), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 73, No. 3 (2014), pp. 665-666.

Review. Donald Rayfield, *Edge of Empires: A History of Georgia* (London, 2012), in *Kartuli Tsqarotmtsardneoba*, XV-XVI (2013-2014) (Tbilisi), pp. 278-281.

Review. Adrian Brisku, *Bittersweet Europe: Albanian and Georgian Discourses on Europe, 1878-2008* (New York, 2013), in *Kartuli Tsqarotmtsardneoba*, XV-XVI (2013-2014) (Tbilisi), pp. 281-283 (A different version).

2015

Book. *Scurtă Istorie a României* (Iași: Polirom, 2015), 367 pp. (Translation into Romanian of the English-language edition of 2014).

Book. *Romania. Storia e Cultura* (Trieste: Beit, 2015), 384 pp. (Translation into Italian of the English-language edition of 2014).

Chapter of a book. "Pavle Nenadović," in *Die Union der Rumänen Siebenbürgens mit der Kirche von Rom/Unirea Românilor Transilvaniei cu Biserica Romei*, Vol. 2: *De la 1701 până în anul 1761*, Edited by Viorel Ionița, Wolfgang Nikolaus Rappert, Laura Stanciu, and Ernst Christoph Suttner

(București: Editura Enciclopedică, 2015), pp. 436-447.

Chapter of a book. "The Court of Vienna and the Two Romanian Churches in Transylvania, 1701-1761," *Ibid*., pp. 528-553.

Chapter of a book. "The Serbian Orthodox Church and the Romanians of the Habsburg Monarchy, to 1761," *Ibid* ., pp. 654-667.

Article. "The Emergence of Soviet Tajik Literature, 1920s and 1930s," in *Istoria ca datorie. Omagiu academicianul Ioan-Aurel Pop*. Ioan Bolovan and Ovidiu Ghitta, eds. (Cluj-Napoca, 2015), pp. 1013-1021.

Article. "A Bukharan Poet between Tradition and Revolution: Paĭrav Sulaĭmonī," in *Iranian Languages and Literatures of Central Asia. From the 18*—Century to the Present. Matteo De Chiara and Evelin Grassi, eds. (Paris, 2015), pp. 259-272.

Preface. Petru Maior și prietenii, Laura Stanciu, ed. (Cluj-Napoca, 2015), pp. 15-19.

In Memoriam. "Ralph T. Fisher, 1920-2015," Slavic Review, Vol. 74, No. 4 (2015), pp. 976-977.

Review. Nándor Bárdi, *Otthon és haza: Tanulmányok a romániai magyar kisebbség történetéről.* Csikszereda: Pro-Print Könyvkiadó, 2013, in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 74, No. 1 (2015), pp. 165-166.

Review. Konrad Petrovszky, Geschichte schreiben im osmanischen Südosteuropa. Eine Kulturgeschichte orhodoxer Historiographie des 16. und 17. Jahrhunderts (Wiesbaden: Harrassowitz Verlag, 2014), Slavic Review, Vol. 74, No. 3 (2015), pp. 613-614.

2016

Book. Ortodoxie și Naționalitate. Andrei Şaguna și românii din Transilvania (București: Editura Enciclopedică, 2016), 378 pp. (Romanian translation of the English-language edition).

Article. "Romania's Role in the First World War," in *Quaderni della Casa Romena di Venezia*, XI, Bucarest, 2016, pp. 7-18.

Article. "Maleho, Muhammadbade' " (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Mulham, Molla 'Abd-Allāh Boxarī" (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. "Hungary ii: Iranian and Persian Studies in Hungary,", Encyclopaedia *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Article. Savdo, Abdulqodirhojai (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (www.iranica.com).

Article. Wasefi, Zayn-al-Din Mahmud (Persian memoirist, historian, and poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (www.iranica.com).

Article. "Ma'dan, Odinamuhammad (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (www.iranica.com).

Article. "Austro-Hungarian Empire (1867-1918)," in *Encyclopedia of Empire*, John MacKenzie, ed., Vol. 1 (Chichester, UK: John Wiley and Sons, 2016), pp. 87-96.

Article. "A Remembrance of Pompiliu Teodor," in *Pompiliu Teodor și lumea prin care a trecut*, Corina Teodor, ed. (Cluj-Napoca: Editura Mega, 2016), pp. 127-131.

Review. Donald Rayfield, *The Literature of Georgia. A History*, 3 rd ed. London: Garnett Press, 2010, in *Kartuli Tsqarotmtsardneoba* (Georgian Source-Studies) (Tbilisi), Vol. 17-18 (2015-2016), pp.

Article. "Kurdish Elites and Nationhood in Anatolia, 1890s-1938," in Clémence Scalbert-Yücel and Hamit Bozarslan (eds.), *Joyce Blau l'éternelle chez les Kurdes* (Istanbul: Institut français d'études anatoliennes, 2017), pp. 81-99.

Article. "Rahimzāda, Bāqi" (Boqī Rahimzoda) (Tajik poet), *Encyclopaedia Iranica*. Online edition (available at: www.iranica.com).

Review. Gerald Stone, *Slav Outposts in Central European History: The Wends, Sorbs and Kashubs* (New York: Bloomsbury Academic, 2015), in *History: Reviews of New Books*, Vol. 45, No. 4 (2017), pp. 101-102.

Review. Florin Abraham, *Romania since the Second World War: A Political, Social and Economic History* (London: Bloomsbury, 2017), in *Slavic Review*, Vol. 76, No. 4 (2017), pp. 1091-1092.

2018

Article. "Kurdish Elites and Nationhood in Anatolia, 1890s-1938," in Hamit Bozarslan and Clémence Scalbert-Yücel, eds., *Joyce Blau: L'Éternelle chez les Kurdes* (Istanbul: Bibliothèque électronique de l'Institut français d'études anatoliennes, 2018), pp. 54-65.

Article. "Europe at the Door: Identity in Southeastern Europe, 1919-1939," in Florin Anghel, ed., *The Image of the Other: Memory and Representation of the Neighborhood and the World* (, 2018), pp. 15-30.

Preface. Valentin Naumescu, ed., România, Marile Puteri și ordinea europeană, 1918-2018 (Iași: Polirom, 2018), pp. 15-16.